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VOL. 18 VICTORIA, B. C., FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 24 1893. No. 276

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We are clearing out a lot of good, strong heavy pants at the bare cost of production. We are willing to forego the usual profit on this line for working men. They can't be equalled. No shoddy; but good honest goods.

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Victoria, B.C., July 1, 1893. GEO GILLESPIE, MANAGER.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

WANTED—Delivery wagon, must be cheap. 165 1-2 Douglas St., 2nd door from Chatham St. n24-2t

WANTED—Situation as general servant. Address M. M., Times office. n24-4t

Tenders for Slashing.

Tenders will be received by the undersigned till noon on Saturday, Dec. 2nd, for slashing 50 acres more or less on the Fernichirst Farm, Victoria B. C.

D. R. KER,
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THE GRAND

ANNUAL BANQUET

—OF THE—

St. Andrew's and Caledonia Societies,

Will be held on

St. Andrew's Day, Thursday, Nov. 30

first, at the State Hotel, commencing at 8:30 o'clock p.m.

Tickets, $3.00, can be had of any member of the Society.

EDWIN C. SMITH,
n23 Secretary.

The Provincial Convention

—OF THE—

Women's Christian Temperance Union

Will open in the parlors of the METROPOLITAN CHURCH, Pandora Avenue, on

Tuesday Morning, the 28th Inst.

And will be continued three days.

The morning sessions of each day will open at 10 o'clock and the afternoon session at 2 o'clock.

Interesting evening meetings will be held on Tuesdays and Wednesdays in Temperance Hall, Pandora avenue, beginning at eight o'clock, and on Thursday evening at the Metropolitan School Room beginning at half past eight.

To these meetings the public are invited and especially those who are interested in either temperance work or woman's work.

n24-3t

AUCTION

MORTGAGEES' LAND SALES.

Saturday, December 2nd, 1893, at 11 a. m.

1. Under and by virtue of the powers contained in certain first mortgages, which will be produced at the time of sale, I will offer for sale by public auction at my salesroom, Wharf street, the following pieces or parcels of land situate in Victoria city, and known as Lots 96 and 97, in the Hillside Extension of the Work Estate (as shown on map in Land Registry Office, number 132) with a good 2-storey dwelling, facing the south, and containing six rooms. These lots are situate on the northwest corner of Bay and Third streets, the soil being good garden loam.

2. Also that piece or parcel of land situate in Denman Island, Nanaimo District, said to contain 154 acres, and known as the Northwest Quarter of Section Twelve.

3. I will also sell sixteen fully paid up shares in the Matsqui Land Company, Limited.

4. Also all that piece or parcel of land situate in Victoria District, and known as Sub. Lot Three of Lot Eight of Sections 29 and 30 (according to map 417) with all buildings thereon.

For terms and conditions of sale apply to

GEORGE BYRNES,
n24 Auctioneer, Victoria, B. C.

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Allan Line, Numidian.....Dec. 9
" Parisian.....Dec. 23

(From New York.)

Cunard Line, Servia.....Nov. 28
White Star, Germanic.....Nov. 29
American, Paris.....Nov. 29
North German Lloyd, Saale.....Dec. 2
French Line, La Bretagne.....Dec 2

C.P.S.S. Line, Empress of China arrives Nov. 21st; sails Dec. 11th.
Canadian-Australian Line, S.S. Arawa arrives Dec. 9th, sails Dec. 16th.

Cheap Through Tickets to Cape Town, South Africa.

Apply to

GEO L. COURTNEY,

General Agent, corner Fort and Government streets.

WEAR THE FAMOUS
"GRANBY"
Rubber Goods.

Starvation in Kansas.

Topeka, Kan., Nov. 24.—Reports are coming in from western Kansas which tell of great suffering among many people there who are destitute of provisions and without money to buy fuel. For 24 hours a severe blizzard has been raging. Appeals are coming in to the governor for coal, but he is powerless to aid, unless coal could be shipped there from the state mine at Leavenworth.

Fooling With Fire Arms.

Trenton, N. J., Nov. 24.—Arthur Turner, aged 10, was shot and almost instantly killed yesterday afternoon by John Vetta, who had a gun loaded with powder, upon which he put a large marble. Turner stood behind a tree and dared his companion to shoot. Vetta pointed the gun and fired, the marble striking Turner in the middle of the forehead. He walked about 50 feet and fell dead. Vetta was arrested, but Coroner J. D. B. Bowell released him, believing the shooting was accidental.

NEUTRALITY LAWS.

Mello's Agents ask the President to Interfere.

WITH THE PREPARATIONS BEING MADE

To Send Warships from New York to Fight Mello.

They Say it is in Direct Violation of Neutrality Laws of the United States—Denounce it as an Outrage—American Officers Manning the New War Vessel.

Buenos Ayres, Nov. 24.—News from Rio de Janeiro is that President Peixoto will cable to President Cleveland requesting that nothing be done by the American government prejudicial to the rank or commission of Admiral Stanton, as it is now believed by the Brazilian government that no discourtesy toward it was intended by Admiral Stanton when he saluted the rebel admiral.

Montevideo, Nov. 24.—Advices received from Rio de Janeiro are to the effect that the proclamation issued a few months ago by the foreign ministers in that country forbidding the bombardment of Rio has been withdrawn.

New York, Nov. 24.—The Brazilian flag will be unfurled from the masthead of the old Britannia and the vessel will be christened America with appropriate ceremonies this afternoon. The work of transforming her into a warship is nearly complete. The guns are on board and the torpedo tubes placed.

New York, Nov. 24.—Edmund Guerin, who says he is a Montreal barrister, and Francis E. Devlin, both of whom claim to be friends of Admiral Mello, but whose actions indicate they are rather agents in this country for the insurgents, are making efforts to aid Mello by having the departure of the new Brazilian cruiser American from this port stopped by legal means. They made application yesterday to United States District Attorney Mitchell to assist them in holding the ship here, but he declined to do so. They persisted that they had examined the neutrality laws and that they were violated by the fitting of such ships as the Nictheroy, America and Destroyer, which has been going on in this harbor for weeks, but their appeal for assistance was still in vain. They say they addressed the following dispatch to President Cleveland yesterday: "On behalf of Admiral Mello and the insurgent party of the republic of Brazil we beg respectfully to protest to you and to the citizens of this free commonwealth that, in open violation of the neutrality laws of this country and of the international laws of civilized nations, men-of-war are being manned and armed to wage war and interfere with the desires of citizens of a friendly power, and that an open system of crimping has been organized in this city, and officers and graduates of Annapolis are leaving this country to wage war against the interests of the citizens of Brazil. We have been here two days and find that the district attorney who represents you, although notified of these facts, will not act to prevent this outrage."

Washington, D. C., Nov. 24.—No action has been taken by the president on the application of Messrs. Guerin and Devlin, acting in Admiral Mello's interest, to have the government stop further recruiting in this country for the Brazilian navy. It is difficult to see how the government can take any action in the matter as it now stands.

New York, Nov. 24.—The British ship Delcomon arrived from Rio to-day. She reports that while aground on a mud bank under a cross fire between Admiral Mello's ship and Peixoto's forts the vessel was struck amidships by a bullet from a rapid firing gun. There was no serious damage.

British Evacuation of Gotham.

New York, Nov. 24.—The 110th anniversary of the British evacuation of New York was celebrated this morning at daybreak in Central Park with the usual ceremonies. This afternoon there was a military parade over the route traversed by the Continental army to the battery. This evening various patriotic organizations will give banquets.

Guarding Against Smallpox.

New York, Nov. 24.—Strenuous efforts are being put forth by the health officials to guard against a possible epidemic of small-pox. The urgent suggestion of the department that the citizens should have recourse to vaccination in order that assurance might be doubly sure has been heeded to an unexpected extent, and the total number of persons vaccinated during the past week runs up high in the thousands. A few cases of the disease now being treated at the pest house are being regarded as of a sporadic character, although a careful inspection is daily made of the quarters of the city where new cases might be likely to develop. The epidemic of influenza, which was first noticed some six weeks ago and received the designation of the "World's Fair grippe," seems to be on the increase. In many cases it assumes a more serious form, resembling closely the grippe of a couple of years ago in most of its salient features. It is mainly attributed by the physicians to the absence of frost, and to the dampness that deprives the atmosphere of its bracing and health-giving features.

Arnaf and Macias Confer.

London, Nov. 24.—The Madrid correspondent of the Daily News telegraphs as follows: "To-day (Thursday) General Macias had an hour's interview with Muley Arnaf outside the Spanish lines at Melilla. Arnaf renewed his friendly assurances on behalf of the Sultan and made proposals to stop further fighting, offering guarantees for the good behavior of the tribes. The government will reply to-morrow."

Canada in England.

London, Nov. 24.—The statements of Sir Charles Tupper in an interview with a Reuter reporter to the effect that the Montreal dynamite incident would be repudiated by French-Canadians; that the people of Quebec are loyal to the queen and to British institutions, and that no advocate of annexation to the United States could be elected in any constituency in the province, have been widely quoted here and have had the effect of allaying the anxiety which was at first so pronounced.

The Messageries Maritimes, a French steamship company, is making enquiries here with a view to running steamships through Torres straits from Brisbane, thence by way of New Caledonia to San Francisco under a French subsidy.

WINNIPEG ELECTION

The Result of Wednesday's Voting Surprise to Both Parties.

Winnipeg, Nov. 24.—Matters here are as yet recovered from its surprise at the size of the Liberal majority on Wednesday. It was generally expected that the vote would be exceedingly close and that there would be no boasting on either side of a large majority. When the figures were announced—Martin 2,208, Campbell 1,709, leaving the Liberal candidate 439 ahead, the Liberals were more than pleasantly surprised. The faithful supporters of the government were correspondingly depressed. The election of 1891 gave Hugh John Macdonald, the Conservative candidate, a majority of 500. Of course this remarkable turn over was to a considerable extent due to Conservatives supporting Mr. Martin on the tariff reform plank, for there has been no material change in the electorate since 1891. Winnipeg has a somewhat notorious reputation as the scene of "shady" election methods, the heavy absentee vote giving every opportunity for personation. There has always been a well organized gang attending to this work on the Conservative side, while the Liberals have not been altogether guiltless in this respect. On Wednesday Mr. Martin's friends were prepared for schemes of this kind, and they secured the arrest of a number of men who tried the personation dodge. A Toronto man named Chamberlain, who came here for the purpose of personating dead and absent voters, and who boasts of having voted sixteen times, is one of those arrested. It is said that papers found in his pocket may furnish a sensation.

ACTED LIKE MADMEN.

Unparalleled Scenes of Disorder in the Italian Parliament.

Rome, Nov. 24.—The chamber of deputies was well crowded when the session opened to-day, interest having reached a high point in consequence of the resignation of the ministry. Signor Zanardelli, who, until the new president is elected, is presiding officer, was in the chair. Signor Felice Gavalotti, Radical, declared that members of the extreme left wished yesterday to pass a vote of censure against the government because the cabinet had no right to evade judgment in resigning. After a lively exchange of words between President Zanardelli and Signor Gavalotti upon the causes of yesterday's disorder in the chamber, Signor Giolitti arose and said he must make a special declaration.

"I and my colleague," he said, "wish to resume our places among the deputies in order to defend ourselves against our assailants; then we will be ready to have our resignations as ministers accepted by the king."

Signor Giolitti spoke amid a tumult of interruptions and insulting epithets. Addressing Signor Imbriana, Radical member, he said: "Your language suits you; your insults do not soil the points of my boots." In a moment the chamber was in an uproar, the members acting like madmen. Excitement was intensified by the action of the extremists, who, rising in their seats, waved their hands in the air and with closed fists threatened Signor Giolitti with physical violence. The public galleries were jammed, and the people in them were as excited as the members on the floor of the house. Some men leant far over the rail, shaking their fists at Signor Giolitti and cried, "Thief, thief!" The cry was taken up by those in the rear, and a perfect storm of opprobrious epithets poured on the heads of the ministers. While all this uproar was going on Giolitti, pale and trembling, stood surrounded by a circle of friends, who, it was evident, feared the excited extremists would try to carry their threats of violence against him into effect. All the time he carried on with his friends a conversation which was inaudible to everybody save those in the circle. There being seemingly no chance of the restoration of order, President Zanardelli declared the house prorogued.

American Tariff Reformers.

New York, Nov. 24.—It is reported that one of the objects of the special meeting of the American Protective Tariff league, which was held in this city last week, was to make arrangements for a series of demonstrations to be held throughout the country, especially in the large manufacturing and industrial centres, to be inaugurated about the opening of congress, or as soon thereafter as the intended policy of the leaders of the Democratic party may have developed. It is thought that through a series of such demonstrations a public sentiment may be made manifest that will induce the Democratic leaders to considerably modify their tariff plans, if not to forego them altogether, in view of the depression in commercial and industrial centres that is claimed to be clearly traceable to uncertainty regarding tariff legislation. This method of creating public sentiment or of securing an expression of public sentiment adverse to protective legislation is something new in this country, but is an old English scheme that has been oftentimes employed by the Tory element or of securing effect in choking off undesirable legislation when foreshadowed by the Liberals in power.

TWO CRYING EVILS.

Ottawa is Stormed by Delegates from Many Cities.

WITH MANY WRONGS TO BE RIGHTED.

A General Bankruptcy Law for the Dominion Wanted.

In Place of the Present Insolvency Act—Which is Unsatisfactory—Electric Street Railway Men Crave Audience—They Wish Duty Taken Off Rails Over Twenty-Five Pounds.

Ottawa, Nov. 24.—A large delegation arrived here this afternoon from Montreal and Toronto and waited on Mr. Foster to ask that a general bankruptcy law be passed for the Dominion so as to do away with the present unsatisfactory condition of the insolvency law.

A big delegation from Montreal, London, Hamilton, Toronto, Port Arthur, Peterboro, Windsor and Ottawa, representing the electric city street railway companies, waited on the government today and asked that street rails over 25 pounds used for street railways be admitted free of duty, the same as rails used on ordinary steam railways. At present electric companies have to pay $6 a ton. This, they say, is discrimination. They met Thompson, Foster, Caron, Daly and Wallace, who promised to consider the matter.

Nicholas Connolly has not so far resigned the presidency of the Richelieu & Ontario Navigation Co. Michael Connolly will take an active part in the management of the line during his brother's imprisonment.

Italian Cabinet Resigns.

Rome, Nov. 24.—At a meeting of the cabinet this morning the situation arising from the leading yesterday in the chamber of deputies of the report of the committee appointed to investigate the bank scandals was most thoroughly discussed. The ministers decided their usefulness was at an end, and in accordance with this decision the cabinet resigned.

The Hawaiian Muddle.

Washington, D. C., Nov. 24.—Washington has settled down to the belief that the first authentic news as to Willis' instructions on the Hawaiian complication will be laid before the country in President Cleveland's message to congress, which re-assembles on Monday week. It is believed the president's message will be sent in on Monday.

Rusk's Funeral.

Virroqua, Wis., Nov. 24.—The funeral of ex-Secretary Rusk took place to-day. It was a day of mourning here. Business was entirely suspended, and the town was crowded with people of all conditions who came to pay their respects to the memory of the departed. Among them are ex-President Harrison, ex-Attorney General Miller, Secretary Vilas. Dr. Nuseman of the Methodist church besought Divine mercy on the bereaved, and after the assemblage singing hymns venerable Dr. Butler, preacher of the Congregational church, an old friend of the deceased statesman, preached the funeral sermon. The interment took place at the local cemetery. The casket was a burglar-proof metal shell.

Had His Fill of Politics.

Boston, Mass., Nov. 24.—Gov. McKinley, in conversation last evening on his arrival from New York, said: "I have about had my fill of politics in the last ten weeks, and I feel pretty tired and ready for rest." Speaking generally, he thinks the people show they are thoroughly aroused on protection, and the effect upon the congressional elections in 1894 will show what may be expected next year. He said it is hard to tell how the result of the election would affect the ways and means committee. McKinley thought indications looked promising for Republicans carrying the Presidential election. He refused to talk regarding the Presidency in 1896. When Hawaii was mentioned McKinley said quickly, "Oh, I cannot speak upon that."

To be Hanged in January.

Grand Forks, N. D., Nov. 24.—Last evening at Canda, Towner county, Albert Bomberger, a young Pennsylvanian who murdered seven members of the Kreider family, was sentenced to be hanged on Jan. 19th, 1894.

Spanish America.

Montevideo, Nov. 24.—Foreign residents here are alarmed at the prospect of serious disorders on Sunday, when the legislative elections will be held. Some persons predict that restriction on independent opinion at the elections by the government so as to secure the success of official candidates will cause revolution. Foreigners living here are uneasy, as there are no gunboats in port for their protection.

Lima, Peru, Nov. 24.—The Ecuadorean legation and consulate in this city was attacked on Wednesday night by a mob of disorderly men. Many windows were smashed by stones and other missiles before the police dispersed the mob.

Big Railway Mortgage.

Louisville, Ky., Nov. 24.—A mortgage covering $18,850,000 was yesterday filed in the office of the recorder in Jeffersonville by the Baltimore & Ohio railway to the Farmers' Loan & Trust Company of New York. This completes the transfer of the Ohio & Mississippi to the Baltimore & Ohio.

General Dispatches.

Auburn, N.Y., Nov. 24.—Crowds collected early this morning at the yards on the reports that trains would be started in all directions as soon as made up. Applications were being rapidly received for positions abandoned by strikers.

CORRESPONDENCE PUBLISHED.

Blue Book Issued Relative to Behring Sea Arbitration.

London, Nov. 23.—A British blue book concerning the Behring Sea arbitration came out to-day. It consists mostly of notes from the Canadian minister of marine and British agent at the arbitration, to Lord Rosebery, secretary of state for foreign affairs, of a narrative of the progress of the proceedings and protocols and abstracts from the report of the proceedings. The only new documents are notes of minor importance by Mr. Tupper and Hon. John W. Foster, American agent.

In one of the notes Mr. Foster denies that the question of expense caused his withdrawal from the joint arrangement for daily shorthand reports of the proceedings. Mr. Foster gave as his sole reason for the withdrawal the fact that the United States counsel found the reports so incorrect as to be useless, while the burden of revision would have been a terrible tax upon the time of the Americans. Mr. Foster said he cleared up this matter because the London dailies made such misleading statements as to the action of the Americans. The statements have remained uncontradicted until now. Mr. Foster's refusal to participate in the joint arrangement, was dated April 18. As late as August 8th, however, Mr. Tupper wrote to the president of the tribunal, Baron de Courcel, claiming that the arbitrators declare that the United States must bear their share of the costs of producing the papers. Mr. Foster wrote Baron de Courcel that the United States could not agree to the extraordinary request to pay for reports of which no copies has been received by the United States counsel, and which were produced without the assent or supervision of the United States. Baron de Courcel referred the question to a private meeting of the arbitration, who declared themselves incompetent to examine how the cost of the reports ought to be defrayed. The blue book closes with complimentary letters from Lord Rosebery to the Marquis of Dufferin, British ambassador in Paris and all the British officials engaged in the arbitration.

FURIOUS FRANKS.

Uproarious Behavior of Deputies in the Chamber Yesterday.

Paris, Nov. 23.—M. Lockeroy, Radical Republican, opened the debate in the chamber of deputies to-day on the government demand for a vote of confidence. He declared the preceding sitting, at which the government announced its programme, as an oratorical tournament between government representatives and revolutionary politicians. There was room for a genuine Republican policy. He then proceeded to contrast the former parties, and met with boisterous interruptions when he declared that the Monarchists had been disarmed. He became sarcastic, and said to three members who interrupted him, "You are the only Royalists left." Continuing, he said that the declaration made by Prime Minister Dupuy meant war against the Republican party. The programme was more like one for a monarchy than for a republic. It is a negation of Gambetta's programme. M. Lockeroy reproached the ministry for the lack of a common understanding in the cabinet. Some men holding positions, who have formerly advocated a revision of the constitution, an income tax and the separation of church and state, to keep their places had abandoned whatever honor they ever had. The cabinet was following a policy that would lead to an explosion of revolutionary socialism. A sound policy was impossible with such a heterogeneous ministry. The anxiety which they manifested to conceal the absence of a programme was apparent by their flaunting the spectre of international socialism.

At this point M.M. Jourde, Jaures and Baudin, all socialists, rose, yelling wildly.

M. Deschelain, Union Republican, also interrupted the speaker, saying, "There are anti-patriots in the chambers."

This caused further uproar, and M. Lockeroy left the tribune amid the applause of the extreme Radicals. None of the other members applauded him.

M. Barthou, Independent Progressist, followed M. Lockeroy, and asked M. Peytral, minister of finance, to explain his change of front on the income tax question.

Continuing, M. Barthou denounced the socialists and criticized the programme. What the country negled, he said, was practical reform and not fantastical dreams.

M. Chautemps appealed verbosely to the Republicans to unite against the Socialists, who menaced the republic.

M. Deschanel spoke in support of Premier Dupuy's programme.

The chamber adjourned till Saturday.

EXCITED ITALIANS.

Scenes of Disorder in the Italian Parliamentary Chamber.

Rome, Nov. 23.—The eighteenth session of the Italian parliament opened to-day. The chamber of deputies was crowded with all the leading politicians of the country. Signor Guiseppe Zanardelli, the present president of the chamber, announced that he had received under seal the report of the commission appointed to investigate the bank scandals. Several of the members demanded that the report be read immediately. Signor Zanardelli proposed that the report be printed and distributed among the members. Signor Felice Cavalotti, extreme Radical member for Corteola, persisted that the report should be read instantly. Signor Mateo Imbriani, who also is a radical and irredentist, opposed the reading, arguing sardonically that it was impossible. The house, he said, must wait, seeing that a number of its members were compromised. He added: "Some of the ministers are also implicated."

Signor Giolitti, the prime minister, immediately rose and declared that the government was entirely disinterested, adding that as a deputy he desired that the report be read.

The chamber thereupon approved the proposition to read the report. It was more severe than had been expected upon the deputies, ministers and ex-ministers implicated more or less in the bank scandals. The first name mentioned as having been too closely associated with doubtful bank affairs was that of Pietro Lacaita, minister of commerce. Hisses and applause greeted the commission's criticism of his conduct. The others blamed for the same reason by the commission are Count Michele Amadei, some time under secretary of state; Pietro Polvecchio, a friend of Premier Giolitti; Filippo Cavallini, Duke Genaro di San Donati, Augusto Elia, one of the old Garibaldians; Alessandro Narducci, Bartolomeo Mazzino, Luigi Micelli, an old follower of Garibaldi; Francesco Montagna, Baron Giovanni; Nicotera, twice minister of the interior, the last time under Crispi; Bruno Chimirri, ex-minister of agriculture and of justice, and a distinguished lawyer.

The reading of the list was accompanied with cries of condemnation and protest from all parts of the chamber. The commission recorded its disapproval of Premier Crispi and Giolitti Micelli, ex-minister of agriculture, and Prof. Luigi Luzzatti, formerly minister of finance. These gentlemen, said the report, as members of various cabinets, were cognizant of the condition of the Banca Romana, yet held back from the chamber and the public all information as to its disordered affairs. Premier Giolitti was censured severely. "He knew of the bank's irregularities as early as 1889," said the report, "although as late as last February he declared he did not know of them." Cries of "he lied" and "shame" came from the extreme left as the statement was read. As to the press charges that Giolitti said the bank's money was not used in the last election, continued the report, the commission would declare that this was not proved, although declining to affirm that it was disproved. Giolitti was blamed most by the commission, because of his conduct when the notorious Tanlongo, the convicted governor of the Banca Romana, was nominated for the senate. At that time Giolitti knew Tanlongo to be a defaulter, yet he did not raise a protest. There had been a deplorable mistake.

As this part of the report was read, several deputies sprang to their feet, pointing to Giolitti, and shouted: "Shame upon you!" "Quit your seat!" "Leave the house!" "You are a disgrace!" "Resign!" At the end of the reading of the report calls for Zanardelli, president of the chamber, could be heard above the din. Zanardelli refused to speak. The extremists began groaning, and the Ministerialists, who approved of Zanardelli's refusal, answered with cheers.

deputies were on their feet, and were pushing and jostling so violently that a fight appeared unavoidable.

Matteo Imbriani sprang to a seat and waving a paper at the president shouted that it contained a motion to impeach the ministers. "We can discuss it to-morrow," said Zanardelli.

"No, now, to-night, we must discuss it now!" was shouted back from a dreds.

After some hesitation Zanardelli suspended the sitting. As he left the chamber the deputies crowded up to shout insults and accusations after him, and to hoot and hiss.

The opposition deputies continued to heap insults upon the ministers. When the tumult continued to increase they rose and walked slowly from the chamber, while deputies shouted and cursed after them. Disgraceful scenes followed the departure of the ministers. Rival deputies exchanged insults and pushed and pulled each other over seats and desks. The visitors groaned and hissed and cheered, and refused to obey the questor's orders to leave. At 10 o'clock the electric lights were turned out and the deputies hastened to the street. An immense crowd had gathered outside. All the opposition deputies were cheered as they appeared. Frederico Colajanni, a Socialist member and a most determined mover for an investigation of the bank scandals, was received with wild enthusiasm. In reply he shouted from the steps: "You are faint hearted, you have no convictions; if you had you would put a torch to this parliamentary hovel."

Premier Giolitti, immediately after leaving the chamber reported the events of the day to King Humbert. A council of ministers will be held in the morning. The resignation of the cabinet seems inevitable. Signor Zanardelli is expected to resign the presidency of the chamber. The abuse which he suffered today apparently precludes all possibility of his forming a ministry, although, previous to this event, he was regarded as sure of succeeding Giolitti. The situation is critical.

A Robber's Confession.

Algoma, Iowa, Nov. 22.—James Newson, colored, who is under arrest here for taking part in the Keslera, Ind., train robbery last September, has made a confession. His accomplices were Will Jones, whose father is a tailor in Elkhart; Burt Davis, 19, also of Elkhart; Geo. Leeds, 21, son of a farmer near Elkhart; Charles Clark, of Donnelly, Ind., 21, farmer; Burt Fields, 15, of Cincinnati, and Frank Williams, 21, of Peru, Ind., farmers. The name of the seventh robber Newson did not know. After the robbery the robbers mounted horses and sped across the country. Newson abandoned his horse seven miles from Elkhart and managed to reach the appointed rendezvous, but found no one there. He thinks the gang got about $1,800 or $1,900, but says he did not receive a cent. After he abandoned his horse he walked 20 miles, when he "jumped a freight" to Chicago. From there he went into Iowa and was finally captured there. He declares Burt Fields threw the bomb against the express car door.

Powderly Exonerated.

Philadelphia, Nov. 22.—The General Assembly of the Knights of Labor this morning vindicated T. V. Powderley, John Divine and A. Wright, the general executive, of charges of malfeasance in office preferred by General Secretary-Treasurer Harris. The consideration of the finance committee's report occupied the time of the morning session. The report declared that after careful examination of the books the committee find on evidence of dishonesty on the part of the general officers. This clause was adopted by the convention.

No Cure, No Pay.

Men who are weak, nervous, broken down; men who suffer from the effects of disease, over-work, worry, from the follies of youth or the excesses of manhood; men who have failed to find a cure, **do not despair, do not give up!** Forty years experience has proved that Dr. Clarke's celebrated method of treatment can be depended on with absolute certainty to effect a permanent cure. So confident am I, that it will cure even the worst cases, that I am willing to let you deposit the **money in your local bank** to be paid me *after you are cured* and not until then; this makes you *absolutely* safe. If unable to call, send for **free Question List** and **be cured at Home.**

Everything sent sealed, secure from exposure.

Call or address, naming this paper

Dr. F. D. CLARKE, Merill Block, Detroit, Michigan

GENERAL DISPATCHES.

News a Brief from Various Parts of the World.

Rome, Nov. 23.—The striking telegraph operators in the civil service have determined to resume work.

London, Nov. 23.—The British bark Wavelet, bound from Boston for Arundel, sprang a leak during a gale in the North sea and foundered. Some of the crew were drowned.

Paris, Nov. 23.—The arched stone roof of St. Pierre chapel, recently erected in Courpierre, near Clermont-Ferrand, Puy de Dome, fell yesterday afternoon while many sisters of mercy were at prayers. Several sisters were killed and others wounded severely.

Turin, Nov. 23.—The Piedmont Gazette, supposed to be Premier Giolitti's newspaper organ, says that Count Kalnoky's recent visit to Monza was due to a desire for a convention between Italy and Austria-Hungary to anticipate the exigency of war between either country and Russia. In the event of such a thing happening, says the Gazette, Austria-Hungary will send at least one armed corps to Galicia to help the Austrians beat back the Russian invaders.

Constantinople, Nov. 23.—Owing to the recent rains the cholera has spread here considerably. Sometimes the list of fresh cases has been as high as thirty. The lower classes have been roused to a state of fanatical excitement against the doctors by reports that the latter diagnose all diseases as cholera, and administer pills which are sure to cause death. The object of the doctors is said to be the securing of special fees for good treatment. Several cases of accidental poisoning have tended to confirm the belief of the masses, and a serious agitation is feared.

Washington City, Nov. 23.—The commissioner of Indian affairs has received a number of annual reports from Indian agents. The majority of them indicate general prosperity among the tribes and a gradual advance in civilization. Several agents comment on the indifference of Indians to marriage ties and an unwillingness to abandon old customs. The agent at the Colville agency, in Washington believes the efforts to civilize the red men will not be successful, and says that by intermarriage and the heavy death rate the Indian is doomed to extinction in a few generations. At the Uintah and Ouray reservation, in Utah, the use of grazing lands by white men is creating considerable dissatisfaction. The work of courts of Indian offenses is generally recommended and the efficiency of the police is praised. The attention paid to agriculture and stock-raising at most agencies is growing each year.

Alma, Nov. 23.—Most of the Indians of the Colville reservation are gathering at the Okanagan river, opposite this place, and will soon commence a week's celebration, or in other words a "death feast," over two Indians of influence who were burned to death some time ago. Chief Moses and other celebrities of his tribe will be present to assist in the ceremonies, which are to be of a superstitious nature. Barbecues and Indian singing will be indulged in, and a wild, weird sort of "ghost dance" held.

London, Nov. 23.—The Times publishes the following dispatch from Rio de Janeiro, dated Nov. 18, via Montevideo, Nov. 22: "Heavy artillery fire continues daily. During the bombardment on Saturday a shell burst at Fort Lage, killing an officer and 17 men. There have been many casualties in the streets. Foreign diplomats consider it impossible to take further steps for the protection of life and property, and the naval commanders concur in letting both sides proceed without further interference. The insurgents are confident of success. They have captured Bage, in the province of Rio Grande do Sul, and are making progress northward. President Peixoto is preparing for a stubborn defense of Rio, and states that he intends fighting to the last, and when his ships arrive he expects victory. All business is suffering severely, and every branch is stagnated. The financial position of the government is difficult. The treasury is exhausted, and the fact that Pernambuco has been declared a state of siege has spread the movement.

Paris, Nov. 23.—Le Debats prints an interview with General Martinez de Campos, commander of the troops in Barcelona, Spain. Campos thinks that there are barely 200 anarchists in the city of Barcelona, and that but 15 or 20 of them are dynamiters. The turbulence of these few, Campos says, had given rise to the idea that the Barcelona anarchists were numerous and without exception desperate. It was still necessary to exercise surveillance and introduce special laws to control even the few dynamiters in the city. Campos was able to give the assurance that, at the opening of the Cortes, the government would introduce a proposition to have all anarchist offenders tried by a military or special tribunal. Probably the Cortes would hesitate to adopt measures interdicting all anarchist publications, forbidding anarchist meetings, making provision for the rigorous treatment of persons of anarchist antecedents, and specifying especially severe punishment for all persons found in the possession of explosives.

London, Nov. 23.—A dispatch from Cape Town says the Matabele regiments have been completely broken up. King Lobengula has fled northward in the direction of the Zambesi river. The dispatch concludes by declaring that the war between the Matabeles and the British South African Company is over.

London, Nov. 23.—In the House of Commons to-day Sir Edward Gray, parliamentary secretary of the foreign office, in response to a question on the subject, said the government had received no news from Rio de Janeiro had been bombarded by Admiral Mello. He added, however, that a bombardment might occur despite the efforts of the British officers to prevent it. The British warship Sirius and the two smaller British war vessels were on the spot, together with warships of the United States, France, Germany, the Netherlands and Portugal. The British Minister at Rio de Janeiro constantly communicated with the senior British naval officer on the subject of protection to foreigners.

London, Nov. 23.—Frank May, formerly cashier of the Bank of England, finally severed his connection with the bank on Saturday, under sanction of the directors. His non-appearance at his usual post revived the subsiding rumors concerning his withdrawal, and created others, the most sensational of which was that he had committed suicide. The directors held a special meeting yesterday to decide whether they should issue an official statement to show that the reports that the bank had sustained heavy losses through Mr. May were baseless. A majority of the directors privately state to his inducing the bank to engage in transactions that did not accord with its old traditions. Instead of keeping to cast-iron securities Mr. May had ventured on some of an elastic character. Only a small sum of money is involved. It is probable that the loss incurred will not exceed twenty-five thousand pounds, and it may be less, but it was the breach of principle that brought Mr. May before the directors. The ex-cashier acts as though he had nothing on his conscience. He lives at his country seat near St. Albans and daily appears in the city, where he does business in the office of his son, who is a member of the firm of Coleman & May, stock brokers.

Of Interest to Ladies.—The scalp may be kept white and clean, and the hair soft, pliant, and glossy, by the use of Ayer's Hair Vigor. This preparation never fails to restore to faded and gray hair its original color. Sold by druggists and perfumers.

In the Devil's Cauldron.

Spokane, Wash., Nov. 22.—Jas. Kendrick and Patrick Quirk, employed by the city excavating rock for the Post street bridge, just above the falls, met a terrible death yesterday afternoon. They were working on a narrow ledge of rock 40 feet above the Spokane river, when Kendrick slipped into the water, carrying Quirk with him. As soon as they struck the water the rapid current carried them quickly towards the falls, and in a twinkling they were borne into the "Devil's Cauldron," a bottomless, seething, foaming pool at the base of the falls, from which nobody has ever been recovered.

Willie Tillbrook
Son of

Mayor Tillbrook

of McKeesport, Pa., had a Scrofula bunch under one ear which the physician lanced and then it became a running sore, and was followed by erysipelas. Mrs. Tillbrook gave him

Hood's Sarsaparilla

the sore healed up, he became perfectly well and is now a lively, robust boy. Other parents whose children suffer from impure blood should profit by this example.

HOOD'S PILLS cure Habitual Constipation by restoring peristaltic action of the alimentary canal.

☆ An important point of merit. ☆

Milk Granules

Is absolutely free from starchy matter, which is present in barley flour, and other infant foods, and contains no glucose and no cane sugar.

It is a scientific fact that infants under seven months of age cannot digest starchy foods.

Don't accept a substitute.

Johnston's Fluid Beef

is unequalled

In Flavor, ...
Nutrition, ...
and Digestibility.

The Best Tonic is

STAMINAL

because

The moment the tonic does its good work it carries with it a food to answer to the effect of the tonic.

Can any combination be more happy?

LOST OR FAILING MANHOOD,

General and Nervous Debility,

Weakness of Body and Mind. Effects of Errors or Excesses in Old or Young. Robust, Noble Manhood fully Restored. How to enlarge and Strengthen Weak, Undeveloped Organs and Parts of Body. Absolutely unfailing Home Treatment—Benefits in a day. Men testify from 50 States and Foreign Countries. Write them. Descriptive Book, explanation and proofs mailed (sealed) free.

ERIE MEDICAL CO., Buffalo, N.Y.

VICTORIA OPTICAL CO.,

The Leading Opticians. 106 Government St.

Perfected Spectacles and Eyeglasses on hand and carefully adjusted. Satisfaction guaranteed. Optical goods of every description. Repairing in all branches done with neatness and despatch. No fancy prices.

A. HYAMS - Manager

Notice---Municipal Act, 1892.

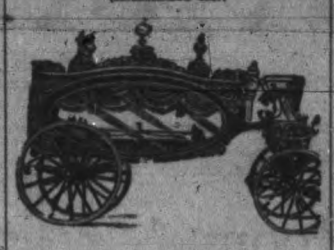
Notice is hereby given that I intend to apply at the next sitting of the Board of Licensing Commissioners for the City of Victoria, for a renewal of my license to sell wines, beer and spirituous liquors by retail in the premises known as "The Wilson" Hotel, situate on Lot 421 Yates street, in the City of Victoria.

Dated at Victoria, 8th November, 1893.

WILLIAM KELDAY TULLOCH.

CHAS. HAYWARD

(Established 1867)



Funeral Director and Embalmer.

Government street, Victoria.

THOS. STOREY,

FUNERAL DIRECTOR AND EMBALMER.

Office: 90 Johnson St.

Hanna & Taylor

Successors to Lockhart & Co.

FUNERAL DIRECTORS AND EMBALMERS

PARLORS: 42 Broad St., Victoria, B.C.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

The undersigned will make loans from $1 to $1000 on any approved security.

VICTORIA LOAN OFFICE,
132 Government Street.

Private entrance on Pandora street.
Business strictly confidential. o19-tf

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that application will be made at the next session of the Legislative Assembly of the Province of British Columbia for an act to incorporate a company to construct, equip, maintain and operate a line of railway from some point on the gulf of Georgia, in Delta Municipality, thence by the most feasible route to the city of New Westminster, with power to construct a branch line extending from some point in Delta Municipality in an easterly direction through the municipalities of Surrey, Langley and Matsqui to a point at or near Abbotsford.

Dated the 20th day of August, 1893.

BODWELL & IRVING,
a29-tf Solicitors for the Applicants.

Assignment For Benefit of Creditors.

Amos J. Hughitt of Victoria and Genoa, B. C., carrying on business under the name of Hughitt & McIntyre, having made an assignment to the undersigned for the benefit of his creditors, all persons having claims against the said assignor or against the firm of Hughitt & McIntyre are hereby required to send in their claims, duly verified, to Matthew Trotter Johnston, and persons indebted to the said assignor are required to pay their accounts to the undersigned.

THOS. EARLE,
MATTHEW TROTTER JOHNSTON,
Assignees.

Victoria, 9th October, 1893. o10-tf

NOTICE OF ASSIGNMENT.

Pursuant to the Creditors' Trust Deeds Act, 1890, notice is hereby given that Amos J. Hughitt, carrying on business at Genoa and the City of Victoria, in the Province of British Columbia, under the name, style and firm of Hughitt and McIntyre, has, by deed dated the 6th day of October, 1893, assigned all his real and personal property to Thomas Earle, of the City of Victoria, merchant, and Matthew Trotter Johnston, of the same place, merchant, in trust for the benefit of his creditors. The said deed was executed by the assignor and assignees on this 6th day of October, 1893.

Dated 6th October, 1893.

THOMAS EARLE,
M. T. JOHNSTON,
Oct6-tf Assignees.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that an application will be made to the Board of Licensing Commissioners at its next sitting by James Wishart and George G. Meldrum for a ratification of the temporary transfer of a license to sell spirituous or fermented liquors by retail upon the premises known as the Clarence Hotel, situate on the corner of Douglas and Yates streets in the City of Victoria, from George Stelly to the said James Wishart and George G. Meldrum granted to them by the said board at its last sittings.

And further take notice that an application will also be made to the said board for a transfer of the said license from George Stelly to James Wishart and George G. Meldrum.

Dated this 9th day of October, A.D. 1893.

GEORGE STELLY,
JAMES WISHART,
GEORGE G. MELDRAM.

o6-1m

NOTICE

NOTICE is hereby given, pursuant to the provisions of "An Act respecting certain works constructed in or over Navigable Waters," chapter 92, Revised Statutes of Canada, 1886, that John Taylor, of Victoria, British Columbia, intends to apply to the Governor-General in Council, for his approval of certain works and improvements to be constructed, made and done by the said John Taylor in and about Rock Bay in the harbor of the said city of Victoria, B.C., and that in accordance with the provisions of the said Act, he has deposited plans of the proposed works and improvements and a description of the proposed site of the same, with the Minister of Public Works at Ottawa, and also with the Registrar-General of Titles at the Land Registry Office in the City of Victoria in the said Province.

THORNTON FELL,
Solicitor for the said John Taylor.

Dated this 15th day of November, 1893.
n15-1m

FARM FOR SALE.

A FARM OF TWO HUNDRED ACRE ON West Saanich road, about eight miles from Victoria. Sixty acres good bottom land, forty acres cleared, well ditched and fenced. Price $20 per acre; half cash, balance on time. Apply to

GEORGE LINDSAY,
17mgh. 27 Third street, Victoria.

VICTORIA RICE MILLS

ROLLER FLOUR MILL.

62, 64 & 66 Store St., Victoria.

Unlike the Dutch Process

No Alkalies
—or—
Other Chemicals

are used in the preparation of

W. BAKER & CO.'S

Breakfast Cocoa

which is absolutely pure and soluble.

It has more than three times the strength of Cocoa mixed with Starch, Arrowroot or Sugar, and is far more economical, costing *less than one cent a cup.* It is delicious, nourishing, and EASILY DIGESTED.

Sold by Grocers everywhere.

W. BAKER & CO., Dorchester, Mass.

INFORMATION FURNISHED ABOUT THE KOOTENAY COUNTRY

The publishers of THE MINER will answer any inquiries in regard to the general outlook and future prospects of the Kootenay Country to subscribers. If you want to start in business in any of the cities, they will advise you about the population and the prospects for any particular or general line of trade.

The subscription price of THE MINER, a 12 page weekly journal, is $2.00 per year. It is the oldest established paper in the district.

THE MINER PRINTING & PUBLISHING CO.
NELSON, B.C.
(Mention this paper.)

Aluminum Alloy Composite

HAS GIVEN ENTIRE SATISFACTION TO

Iron, Steel and Brass Founders

2 1-2 per cent. added to mixtures of cheap, low-grade metals gives 50 per cent. increased strength, makes hard metal soft, sound, and non crystalizing, prevents blowholes and sponginess.

Aluminum Alloy unites copper with iron and lead, with iron and copper, heretofore considered an impossibility.

Price, 35 per 100-pound box, $28 per barrel of 700 pounds, or 4c per lb.

Book containing government official report of tests made at Rock Island arsenal, and other indisputable testimonials from foundrymen, sent free upon application.

The Hatsfield Furnace and Refining Co.,
Newport, Ky.
se20

THE ROBERTS SAFETY Water Tube MARINE BOILER

FOR YACHTS, LAUNCHES, AND OTHER STEAMERS.

THE

Original Fixed Water Line Pipe Boiler

NEARLY 400 IN USE!

SAFE, Reliable, Simple, Light Weight, Economical, No Shop Repairs, Small Space. Send for Illustrated Pamphlet and other reading matter, with hundreds of enthusiastic letters from purchasers and engineers.

Also Triple Expansion and Compound Marine Engines for Yachts and other Steamers. Large Marine Boilers a specialty.

DOTY ENGINE WORKS CO

MANUFACTURERS,
TORONTO, - ONTARIO.

JOHN MESTON

CARRIAGE MAKER

BLACKSMITH, ETC.

Broad street, between Johnson and Pandora streets.

VICTORIA, B C

Real Estate.

Lots 120x50, $125 per lot, good land.
One acre blocks, $350 per acre, good land.
Five acre blocks, $100 per acre, close to the Station on good and level land.
Lots, $50 per lot.
Thirty acres (11 acres bottom land cleared) with fine water front, splendid investment, $100 per acre.
One hundred acres, only $25 per acre.
Good farm, sale or lease.

A. WILLIAMS,

5 Store Street, Opposite Railway Station.

THE WEEKLY TIMES
—THE BEST ADVERTISING MEDIUM.—

DO YOU WANT

To get a situation
To hire help
To let a room
To let a house
To buy anything
To sell anything

Then Try a "Times Liner,"

ONE CENT

Per word each insertion.

THEY ARE PLEASANT TO TAKE YET POWERFUL TO CURE

ESELJAY'S LIVER LOZENGES. 25 CENTS A BOX.

They do not nauseate or rack and weaken the system like pills and other purgatives, but they tone up the liver and stomach, and give them sufficient strength to do their work naturally and well. They cure Constipation, Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Headache, Biliousness, Pimples, Sallowness and all diseases arising from impure blood, or sluggish liver.

Ask Your Druggist For Them.

Ladies,

Mother Green's Tansy Pills. Used by thousands. Safe, Sure and Always Reliable. REFUSE SUBSTITUTES. From all Druggists or mailed, free from observation, on receipt of $1.00. Sealed particulars, 2 cents.

LANE MEDICINE CO., MONTREAL, CAN

For sale by Langley & Co., Druggists, Victoria. m-w-&F

KEEPS YOU IN HEALTH.

DUNN'S FRUIT SALINE

DELIGHTFULLY REFRESHING.

A safeguard against infectious diseases. Sold by chemists throughout the world. W. G. DUNN & CO. Works—Croydon, England.

LANGLEY & CO., Victoria, Agents for B.C.

AMERICAN NEWS NOTES

Daily Chronicle of Events in the Great Republic.

Washington, Nov. 23.—Mr. Thurston, the representative of the provisional government, has no news from Hawaii. He said to-night that he had received a telegram to-day from Consul-General Wilder at San Francisco, who stated that no letter or telegram for him had come in on the Alameda.

Enid, Oklahoma, Nov. 23.—The settlers of "A" township, county "L," have organized a vigilance committee, with D. J. Moorehouse, an ex-deputy United States marshal, as president, to drive out the "Sooners" and suppress cattle thieving. It was in this township that the "Sooners" killed and mutilated one of the old settlers from Southern Iowa, stole his team and disposed of it to underground dealers. The settlers declare that it will be much better to fight and exterminate this lawless class during the winter than permit them to carry on their depredations and villainy in the spring and summer when immigration sets in.

Missoula, Mont., Nov. 22.—The search for the Carlin party was yesterday abandoned by the military authorities at this point, the expedition having been given up as hopeless. Every effort to rescue the party has been made, even to the extent of endangering the lives of the soldiers.

San Francisco, Cal., Nov. 22.—Admiral Skerrett, who was recently recalled from his command at Hawaii, will depart today on the steamer China to take command of the Asiatic squadron. Admiral Skerrett was superseded in Hawaii by Rear Admiral Irwin in order that in case of any outbreak incident to the restoration of the queen a higher officer might be in command. His appointment to the Asiatic squadron is really a promotion as the post is a more important one.

Albany, Nov. 22.—Governor Flower has commuted the sentence of Police Sergeant Crowley, of New York city, some years ago convicted of raping girls and sentenced to twenty years, so that he will be released from Sing Sing.

New York, Nov. 22.—Antonio Lebockey, 67, and his daughter Fannie, 35, committed suicide some time during the night by hanging themselves at their home, 240 East 70th street.

Van Buren, Ark., Nov. 22.—Freight train No. 25, west bound, on the St. Louis & San Francisco road, ran into an open switch in the yard yesterday afternoon, demolished two engines and five cars, killing three men and injuring one fatally.

Davisville, Cal., Nov. 22.—H. M. Eaton, 25, employed as night operator by the Southern Pacific at this place, was shot and killed while at his post at 10:30 last night. Charles Dodge, the murderer, gave himself up about 7:30 this morning in Woodland. An inquest will be held this morning.

The fall of the year is a trying season for elderly people. The many cheerless, dark, dismal days act depressingly, not to say injuriously, on both old and young. Now is the time to re-inforce the vital energies with Ayer's Sarsaparilla—the best of all blood medicines.

DETROIT'S GREAT FIRE.

The Largest Warehouse in Michigan Destroyed—Lives Lost.

Detroit, Nov. 23.—By the burning of the five-story iron and brick building Nos. 199 to 205 Jefferson avenue, occupied by Edson, Moore & Co., wholesale dry goods, this afternoon, seven employees lost their lives, a fireman was badly injured, and the loss will reach $800,000. The fire started between the fourth and fifth floors, at the rear of the building and spread with frightful rapidity. The great majority of the employees were at luncheon when the alarm was given, but there were eight or nine of them lost on the upper floors. Those who were first at the scene saw a terrible sight. The whole upper floors were a mass of flames. On the window sill of the fourth window of the fourth floor stood Bradley Dunning; two windows south of him stood James McKay. "Don't jump, wait for the hook and ladder," shrieked the crowd; but before the ladders could be raised the flames rolled to the ledge where Dunning stood. He bowed his head, grasped the window ledge with his hands and then dropped. The people watching him had just time to throw a bale of jute beneath him, and it was no sooner in place than Dunning struck it. He bounded up like a rubber ball and then fell to the sidewalk limp and mangled. He was taken to a nearby drug store, and afterwards to Harper hospital, where he shortly afterwards died from his injuries. The fall of James McKay followed in a few minutes. When he appeared at the window he made no sign that death was staring him in the face. For a few minutes he looked over the people, who appeared at a dizzy distance below, as though wondering what he might do to save his life. There were shouts from below, but he evidently could not hear what was being said. The roar of the flames drowned all the noise that came in from the street. After this short hesitation he threw his feet off the window and slid until he was holding on with only one of his hands on the sill. He hung this way for several seconds before he released his hold. The blazing fire was bursting out the window when the terrified man finally gave up all hope of saving himself and slipped loose from his hold. He struck on the casement of the second window and partly turned over. This threw him so far out from the window that part of his body struck on the electric wires below, which partly turned him over again. He struck on the sidewalk within a few feet of the building. Policemen, firemen and spectators quickly came to the rescue and he was placed in an ambulance. He was unconscious when picked up and it was thought that life was extinct. He lived, however, for a couple of hours.

The awful spectacle of the death of McKay and Dunning was only over when the spectators saw another man creeping towards the upper windows nearest the cornice. He was evidently on his hands and knees, blinded and suffocated in the dense smoke. He reached the sill, laid one arm on it, and as he endeavored to shield his face from the fiery heat with his hand he tried to draw himself to the open air just beyond. He was too far spent. A sudden burst of flame seethed around him and the horror-stricken beholders saw his head drop, his arm drag slowly back and his body sink from view in the flames within. Meantime a general alarm had been turned in and nearly all the companies in the department responded. The corner of Jefferson avenue and Bates street was the scene of intense excitement and the avenue extending up to Randolph street was filled with fire apparatus, thousands of people crowding their way to the ropes, which had been stretched by the police. By the time Company No. 1 was on the scene the upper story was a mass of flames, and they were spreading with incredible rapidity. The smoke rolled out in huge volumes, and at times almost completely enveloped the surrounding buildings and the firemen. The big extension ladder was raised and the firemen dragged a line of hose up and tried to play on the roaring furnace; but the heat and smoke soon drove them down and the truck itself had to be removed a few moments afterward, the flames scorching the upper portion of it. The watertower was placed in position, but it seemed an almost interminable period before the big stream of water was turned on. A strong wind began to blow from the west, sweeping the fire eastwards. It seemed impossible to stop the conflagration short of Randolph street; but the firemen swarmed on the adjoining buildings and poured torrents of water on the hot, smoking roofs. The floors of the Edson-Moore building began falling in a short time after the fire started, and at 1:20 half of the Woodbridge street wall had collapsed. A moment later there were two load reports, and the entire interior of the building apparently collapsed. This undoubtedly prevented the spread of the flames, and at 1:50 the fire was practically under control.

After the fire had been got under control and the excitement had somewhat subsided, rumors of a still greater loss of life became current. The firemen immediately opened a register at an adjacent store, and the rumors became certainties as the employees registered told the stories of their narrow escapes and spoke positively of the men they knew who were on the top floor when the fire broke out. Edward L. Ebert was one of the freight receivers working on the fifth floor of the building at the time the alarm was given. He had to run for his life. There was still on this floor the following people that he saw: Patrick Markey, Edward Genther, Daniel Barker, Henry Rider and Edward Viot. Ebert says that he had hardly reached the floor below when the roof fell in, and he is certain that the men could not have followed him down. The only manner in which they could have escaped would have been by jumping, and they could not have jumped without attracting attention. Eberts says that a few moments after he got down he saw Genther at one of the windows on the fifth floor. He disappeared without making any sign, and he supposed that he was going to find a way to get down. This was the last seen of him. Eddie Leach, the elevator boy, also tells a story that leads to the conclusion that these men perished. When he learned that the whole upper part of the building was on fire he ran the elevator to the top of the building to see if any one wanted to come down. He says that he saw the men mentioned by Eberts. He told them that they had better come down with him, and cried that there was no other means of escape. He was very much excited and cannot remember what they said, but they would not come, as they feared the elevator would give way. Eberts was in this party and refused to come. Shortly after he got down he saw Eberts, but they did not see any of the others. He says it was impossible for them to get down after Eberts had come down. He could see the stairs and says they were impassible. None of the missing men have registered. None of them have been at their homes, and not one of them have been seen since the fire started. There were no fire escapes on the front or side of the building. There were fire escapes in the alley, but they were of no use to the imprisoned men.

CARLISLE'S ORATION.

The Celebrated Kentuckian Speaks Upon American Money and Trade.

New York, Nov. 23.—The annual dinner of the Chamber of Commerce of the State of New York are always of more than local interest, and the 125th banquet at Delmonico's Tuesday evening was not an exception. Men of national repute were present, and not only were the affairs of city and state discussed, but the policy of the nation was foreshadowed by utterances of its high representatives. Secretary of the Treasury Carlisle was the principal speaker. He responded to the toast, "Commerce demands and the honor of the country requires that the obligation of the United States shall be paid in coin current in any market of the world, and that this question shall be settled for all time and beyond controversy."

He said in part: "Money and its representatives constitute the tools with which the merchants and the bankers perform their parts in the numerous and complicated transactions necessarily occurring in the growth and development of our trade at home and abroad. It is not possible to do perfect work with imperfect instruments, and if it is attempted, the consequence will not fall on you alone, but must be felt, sooner or later, in every part of the land. Confidence would be destroyed, trade would be interrupted, the obligations of contracts would be violated, and all the evils which have invariably attended the use of a base or fluctuating currency would afflict, not the commercial and financial classes only, but the country at large. But our commercial interests are not confined to our own country; they extend to every quarter of the globe, and our people buy and sell in nearly every market in the civilized world. A very large part of our farmers, mechanics and other laboring people find constant and profitable employment in production and transportation of commodities for sale and consumption in other countries, and the prices of many of our products are fixed in foreign markets.

"Without exception these prices are fixed in the markets of the countries having a gold standard or a measure of value either by express provision of law or by a public policy, which keeps their silver coins at the legally established ratio. The value of our trade with the people of other countries during the last fiscal year was more than $1,700,000,000, and more than $1,100,000,000 of this was with the people of Europe, while with the whole of Asia it amounted to a little over $10,000,000 and with all the countries of South America, excluding Brazil, which has a single gold standard, it was only $46,000,000. While it would be unfair to attribute this unequal distribution of our trade with the outside world to the character of their fiscal legislation, I think it may safely be asserted that this country could not long maintain its present position as one of the most conspicuous and important members of the great community of commercial nations which now controls the trade of the world, unless we preserve a monetary system substantially, at least, in accord with the systems of the other principal nations."

Other speeches were made by Hon. William Walter Phelps, Hon. Mr. Outhwaite, of Ohio, and Comptroller of the Currency Eckles.

A Fault of Public Speakers.

First words are important words, in any public address, or in any attempt to lead a congregation in public worship. He who would attempt to speak or lead successfully in such a position needs to utter those words loud enough to be heard by all who are listening, or who are expected to follow. Yet how common is it for a preacher or speaker to begin in so low a tone of voice as not to be heard by one-fifth of his congregation, and only to raise his voice when he gets warmed up to the service. One explanation of this is that a man has to practice his voice in a low tone, so as to gain by degrees the power to speak loud enough to be heard. If this be inevitable, it might seem wiser for a man to begin with the multiplication table, or with the Ten Commandments, and thus get his voice in trim, so that his first words on the main subject of the hour can be spoken in a tone which all can hear. Or, he might wait outside the audience room, practicing his voice until it reaches the right pitch, and then come directly into the pulpit ready for business. There is absolutely no excuse for a man's beginning in an inaudible tone of voice, an address which he thinks worth hearing by those who are before him. If the opening of his address or prayer is not worth hearing, he has no reason for thinking that any other portion of it will be.—Sunday-school Times.

Life is Misery.

To many people who have the taint of scrofula in their blood. The agonies caused by the dreadful running sores and other manifestations of this disease are beyond description. There is no other remedy equal to Hood's Sarsaparilla for scrofula, salt rheum and every form of blood disease. It is reasonably sure to benefit all who give it a fair trial.

HOOD'S PILLS cure all liver ills.

Principal Grant's Political Grasp.

Those people who assert in a patronising kind of way that clergymen never understand public questions, must feel that they are mistaken as they read Principal Grant's letters in the Globe. The principal has a masterly hold of every political and fiscal problem now before Canadians, and he discusses them with the intelligence and grasp of a statesman. And he is not, by any means, the only Presbyterian minister who understands the affairs of this country. May their number increase. May the day soon come when the country shall be forever rid of the unclean people who think that politics means nothing more than buying votes and distributing boodle.—Canada Presbyterian.

He turned, when preparing to die,
To the company that would have insured him
But now the big goat won't apply,
Because Eseljay's Lozenges cured him.
—Insurance Item.

Patron of Hat Makers.

New York, Nov. 23.—This is St. Clement's day, according to R.C. church calendars. St. Clement is the patron saint of hat makers, having been, according to ancient history, the discoverer of felt. The discovery was accidental. Starting on a pilgrimage, St. Clement is said to have put some wool between the soles of his feet and his sandals in order to make his trip easier. After a while, owing to the continued pressure to which it was subjected by the feet of the saint, the wool became felt, and soon thereafter felt began to be employed as an article of head wear. So at least runs the legend, which is gospel to Roman Catholic hat makers the world over, and in commemoration of the day a large number of those engaged in the trade will banquet here to-night. This will be the first recognition ever given to St. Clement on this side of the water, although the English Roman Catholic hat makers have held high carnival on St. Clement's Day for nearly a century.

Premature baldness may be prevented and the hair made to grow on heads already bald, by the use of Hall's Vegetable Sicilian Hair Renewer

New York, Nov. 23.—At a meeting of the directors of the American Casualty company, held this afternoon, William H. Fisher, of Baltimore, counsel for the company, was instructed to apply for a receiver and to take such other steps as are necessary to wind up the affairs of the concern. The losses of the company, which is only three years old, particularly in the railroad department, have been heavy.

New York, Nov. 22.—Speculation at the opening of the stock exchange was stronger and higher. London was buyer and local shorts ran to cover the advance. Prices ranged from 1-2 to 1 per cent. and were well distributed.

While pills and other purgatives only relieve biliousness and react, leaving the victims more prone to sluggishness of the liver, Eseljay's Liver Lozenges cure positively and permanently.

THE GREAT

Hudyan

This extraordinary Rejuvenator is the most wonderful discovery of the age. It has been endorsed by the leading scientific men of Europe and America.

BEFORE LOST MANHOOD AFTER

Constipation, Dizziness, Failing Sensations, Nervous Twitching of the eyes and other parts. Strengthens, invigorates and tones the entire system. Hudyan cures debility Nervousness, and developes and restores weak organs. Pains in the back are stopped quickly. Over 2,000 private endorsements.

Premature means impotency in the first stage. It is a symptom of seminal weakness and barrenness. It can be stopped in 20 days by the use of Hudyan.

The new discovery was made by the Special list of the old famous Hudson Medical Institute. It is the strongest vitalizer made. It is very powerful, but harmless. Sold for $1.00 a package or 6 packages for $5.00 (plain sealed boxes). Written guarantee given for a cure. If you buy six boxes and are not entirely cured, six more will be sent to you free of all charges. Send for circulars and testimonials. Address

HUDSON MEDICAL INSTITUTE,
1032 Market St., San Francisco, Cal

SNOWFLAKE FLOUR

—FOR FAMILY USE,—

IS THE BEST.

Ask your Grocer for it. Have no other

Manufactured by

RED CROWN ROLLER MILLS,

ALBANY, OREGON.

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.

The partnership existing since 1889 between Di Chu, Yee Pook, Dap Um and Ham Foo, under the firm name of Tick Lung & Co., has this day been dissolved by mutual consent, Di Chu retiring. The firm will not be responsible for any bills contracted by Di Chu after this date. Bills of all goods heretofore purchased by Di Chu must be presented before December 1st, 1893.

YEE POOK,
DAP UM,
HAM FOO.

(Tick Lung & Co., 34 Fisgard St.)
Victoria, November 16, 1893. n16-1m

Canada Settlers' Loan and Trust Company, Limited (Foreign).

Registered the 13th Day of November, 1893.

CERTIFICATE OF REGISTRATION.

This is to certify that I have this day registered the "Canada Settlers' Loan and Trust Company, Limited," (Foreign) under the Companies' Act, Part IV, Registration of Foreign companies and the Companies' Act Amendment Act, 1889."

The objects for which the company is established are:—

A. To carry on the business of a Loan and Trust Company in all its branches.

B. To lend money for any term to any person, partnership, corporation or association.

C. To purchase, take, or lease, or in exchange, hire, or otherwise acquire, any real or personal property rights or privileges which the company may think suitable or convenient for any purposes of its business, and to erect and construct buildings and works of all kinds.

D. To acquire and carry on all or any part of the business or property and to undertake any liabilities of any person, firm, association, or company, possessed of property suitable for any of the purposes of this company, or carry on any business which this company is authorized to carry on, or which can be conviently carried on in connection with the same, or may seem to the company, calculated directly or indirectly to benefit this company, and as the consideration for the same to pay cash or to issue any shares, stocks, or obligations of this company.

E. To purchase, subscribe for, or otherwise acquire, and to hold the shares, stocks or obligations of any company in the United Kingdom, or elsewhere, and upon a distribution of assets or division of profits, to distribute any such shares, stocks or obligations amongst the members of this company in specie.

F. To borrow or raise money for any purposes of the company and for the purpose of securing the same and interest or for any other purpose, to mortgage or charge the undertaking or all or any part of the property of the company present or after acquired or its uncalled capital, and to create, issue, make, draw, accept and negotiate perpetual or redeemable debentures of debenture stock, bills of exchange, promissory notes, or other obligations or negotiable instruments.

G. To sell, let, develop, dispose of, or otherwise deal with the undertaking, or all or any part of the property of the company, whether acquired in the course of its business as mortgagees or otherwise upon any terms, with power to accept as the consideration, any shares, stocks, or obligations of any other company.

H. To pay out of the funds of the company all expenses of or incident to the formation, registration, and advertising of the company, and the issue of its capital, including brokerage and commissions for obtaining applications for or placing shares, and to apply at the cost of the company to parliament for any extension of the company's powers.

I. To carry out all or any of the foregoing objects as principals or agents, or in partnership, or conjunction with any other person, firm, association, or company, and in any part of the world.

J. To do all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects.

The amount of the capital stock of the said company is five hundred thousand pounds sterling divided into fifty thousand shares of ten pounds each.

The place of business of the said company is located at the city of Victoria, Province of British Columbia.

In testimony whereof I have hereunto set my hand and affixed my seal of office, the 13th day of November, 1893, at the City of Victoria, in the Province of British Columbia.

(Signed) C. J. LEGGATT,
N18 Registrar of Joint Stock Companies.

Neuralgia and Lumbago Permanently Cured in a Few Minutes.

Eye Water Formula by late Sir Henry Marsh, Her Majesty's physician, better than any eye-glass; sure cure. Price, 25 cents.

Toothache (Hollow Tooth) Cure, almost Instantaneous and permanent, no pain. Price, 50 cents. Apply to Prof. Tottenham, 56 Pandora street, Victoria. AGENTS: The leading druggists in Victoria. Messrs. Shotbolt, C. E. Jones, E. J. Atwood and C. H. Bowes.

NOTICE.

Thunder Hill Mining Co'y, Limited.

An Extraordinary General Meeting of the above Company will be held at the offices of the Company, 44 Government Street, Victoria, B. C., on Tuesday, the 5th December, 1893, at 8 p.m.

Objects—Reorganization, and disposition of the Company's property, and generally, the Company's affairs.

By order of the Board of Directors.

E. ASPINALL,
Nov2-1m Secretary.

NOTICE.

Is hereby given that I intend to apply at the next sitting of the Board of Licensing Commissioners for the City of Victoria for a renewal of the license held by me to sell wine and beer, in the Balmoral Restaurant, on Douglas street, situated between View and Fort streets.

P. W. GARLAND.
Victoria, B.C., Nov. 14. n14-td

AT LAST WE HAVE IT—Keen, bright and brainy men and women wanted everywhere to take orders for "SHEPP'S WORLD'S FAIR PHOTOGRAPHED." Only book of copyrighted photographs of buildings, scenes and exhibits of the World's Columbian Exposition; Authorized by the Exposition Management; Official certificate accompanies each volume. Bonanza for workers; drop everything and handle it; you will make money fast; books ready; credit given; big commissions; illustrated circulars, terms, FREE. Address Globe Bible Pub. Co., 358 Dearborn St., Chicago, Ill., or Phila., Pa. e16-eod-20t

Notice is hereby given that we intend to apply to the Board of Licensing Commissioners of the City of Victoria, at its next sitting, for the transfer to William Joseph Phillips of the license now held by us for the sale of liquors by retail upon the premises known as the American Hotel, situate upon Yates Street in the said city of Victoria.

Dated this 8th day of November, 1893.

ROBERT DUDGEON,
HARRY BRICE.

Nov8-1m

Notice---Municipal Act, 1892.

Notice is hereby given that I intend to apply at the next sitting of the Board of Licensing Commissioners for the City of Victoria, for a renewal of my license to sell wines, beer and spirituous liquors by retail in the premises known as Duck's Building, situate on Lots numbers 159 A and 160 A, Block 2, Broad Street, in the City of Victoria, B. C.

Dated at Victoria 10th November, 1893.

n10 M. C. BROWN.

NOTICE

Is hereby given that I intend to apply at the next sitting of the Board of Licensing Commissioners for the City of Victoria for a renewal of the license held by me to sell wine, beer and spirituous liquors in the Hotel Victoria, corner of Government and Johnson streets, Victoria, B.C.

P. T. PATTON.
Victoria, Nov. 10, 1893. td

NOTICE.

Is hereby given that it is my intention to apply to the Board of Licensing Commissioners at the next sitting, to be held on Wednesday, the 13th day of December, 1893, for a renewal of the license granted to me for the sale of wine, spirits, beer and other fermented and intoxicating liquors by retail upon the premises known as the Janion Hotel, situate upon the west side of Store street in the city of Victoria.

Dated this 10th day of November, 1893.

JOHN TURNER.
n10-13d

—THE WEEKLY TIMES—
—THE BEST ADVERTISING MEDIUM.—

A Novel —FOR— 3⅓ cts.

CHOICE BOOKS almost Given Away to Readers of the

VICTORIA TIMES

The BEST BOOKS by the Best Authors at One-Third of their Value.

The Times' Book Offer

To any Times subscriber who will send us Four of the following Coupons (which may be cut from four issues of the same date, or from four issues of different dates), accompanied by Ten Cents in postage stamps, we will send post-paid by mail Any Three Books to be selected by yourself from the list printed below:—

The Victoria Times Cupon.
Numbers of the 3 Books Wanted.....
Your Name.....
Your Address, No.....Street
.....Town or City

Cut out and send to this office Four of the above Coupons, together with Ten Cents, and we will send you post-paid Any Three of the following books:—

No. 1. THE SCARLET LETTER. By Nathaniel Hawthorne.
No. 2. THE MISTERY OF COLDEFELL; or, NOT PROVEN. By Charlotte M. Braeme, author of "Dora Thorne."
No. 3. UNDER THE RED FLAG. By Miss M. E. Braddon.
No. 4. KING SOLOMON'S MINES. By H. Rider Haggard.
No. 5. AROUND THE WORLD IN EIGHTY DAYS. By Jules Verne.
No. 6. THE CORSICAN BROTHERS. By Alexander Dumas.
No. 7. LADY GRACE. By Mrs. Henry Wood.
No. 8. AVERIL. By Rosa Nouchette Carey.
No. 9. THE BLACK DWARF. By Sir Walter Scott.
No. 10. A NOBLE LIFE. By Miss Mulock.
No. 11. THE BELLE OF LYNN; or, THE MILLER'S DAUGHTER. By Charlotte M. Braeme, author of "Dora Thorne."
No. 12. THE BLACK TULIP. By Alexander Dumas.
No. 13. THE DUCHESS. By "The Duchess."
No. 14. NURSE REVEL'S MISTAKE. By Florence Warden.
No. 15. MERLE'S CRUSADE. By Rosa Nouchette Carey.
No. 16. A STUDY IN SCARLET. By A. Conan Doyle.
No. 17. ROCK RUIN; or, THE DAUGHTER OF THE ISLAND. By Mrs. Ann S. Stephens.
No. 18. LORD LISLE'S DAUGHTER. By Charlotte M. Braeme, author of "Dora Thorne."
No. 19. THE ARMORER OF TYRE. By Sylvanus Cobb, Jr.
No. 20. MR. GILFIL'S LOVE STORY. By George Eliot.
No. 21. A SCARLET SIN. By Florence Marryatt.
No. 22. THE SEA KING. By Captain Marryatt.
No. 23. THE SIEGE OF GRANADA. By Sir E. Bulwer Lytton.
No. 24. MR. MEESON'S WILL. By H. Rider Haggard.
No. 25. JENNY BARLOWE. By W. Clarke Russell.
No. 26. BEATON'S BARGAIN. By Mrs. Alexander.
No. 27. THE SQUIRE'S DARLING. By Charlotte M. Braeme, author of "Dora Thorne."
No. 28. THE RUSSIAN GIPSY. By Alexander Dumas.
No. 29. THE WANDERING HEIR. By Charles Reade.
No. 30. FLOWER AND WEED. By Miss M. E. Braddon.
No. 31. NO THOROUGHFARE. By Chas. Dickens and Wilkie Collins.
No. 32. THE GREAT HOGGARTY DIAMOND. By W. M. Thackeray.

The above books are well printed and bound in paper covers. They are sold regularly at retail for ten cents each, so that our offer enables our readers to buy them at one-third of their value. It is a chance to secure standard works of fiction at merely nominal cost.

One of the above coupons will be published in every issue of the Times until further notice. Cut out and save them until you have four, when they can be sent to the office and the three books of your selection obtained. Then you can again save the coupons until you have four more when you can secure three more books, and so on.

We make this liberal offer, whereby some of the best works of fiction in the English language may be secured by our readers for the merest trifle of expense, in order to increase our circulation. Our Present Readers will Greatly Oblige us by Calling the attention of their Friends to the fact that by buying The Times they can secure the advantages of our Great Book Offer. Address:—

(N.B.—Of the stock of books first received, several of the numbers in the above list are exhausted, but another supply will be received in two weeks' time. All orders which include any of the missing novels will be filed pending arrival of new supply. This explanation will account for any delay that may occur in receiving books.)

THE TIMES,
Victoria, B C

VETERINARY.

S. F. TOLMIE,
VETERINARY SURGEON.
Graduate Ont. Vet. Col., Member Ont. Vet. Med. Soc. (Late with Dr. John Wende, V. S., Buffalo, N. Y.) Office at Bray's Livery 100 Jamison Street. Telephone 182; residence telephone 117. Victoria, B. C.

ARCHITECTS.

THOMAS HOOPER
ARCHITECT.
Office over SPENCER'S ARCADE, Government street. jy5-tf

JNO. TEAGUE,
ARCHITECT.
Has removed to new offices corner of Broad street and Trounce avenue. fe20tf

MUSICAL.

BANJO and Guitar instructions by Chicago's popular banjoist, Mr. T. W. Reamer, Five Sister Block. n4

FRANK BOURNE (25 years experience).
The leading Piano Tuner and Repairer. Send post card or call at 134 Fort St. (Six years resident.) Terms moderate. oct

MADAM LAIRD,
Teacher of Vocal Music in all its branches. For terms apply at studio, 161 Vancouver St., corner of Pandora.

E. G. WICKENS, Professor of Music, from the Royal Academy and Guild Hall Schools of Music, London, Eng., is prepared to receive Pupils for Violin, Viola, Cello, Piano and Cornet, &c.; also Harmony and Counterpoint. Terms moderate. Address, 71 View St., near Catholic Ch. Sept22-3m.

GEO. W. PUGGLE,
PIANOFORTE MAKER AND TUNER.
Three years with Goodwin & Co. Orders left at factory, 76 Princess avenue; also at Jamieson's book store, next postoffice. Violins Mandolins and Guitars repaired. P. O. Box 422.

SCAVENGERS

PETER HANSEN, CITY SCAVENGER.
Yards and cesspools cleaned by contract or monthly. Prompt attention given to all orders, and prices reasonable.
Orders left at Dixi Ross & Co.'s and Robert Porter's, Island Market, Johnson and Douglas streets.
Residence, Discovery street, between Government and Douglas. Telephone 184.

J. DOHERTY, GENERAL SCAVENGER.
Yards and cesspools cleaned, contracts made for removing earth, etc. All orders left with Jas. Fell & Co., Fort street, grocers; Cochrane & Munn, corner Yates and Douglas streets, will be promptly attended to.

SOCIETIES.

B. C. ST. GEORGE'S SOCIETY.
Meetings are held at 7.30 p.m., on the first Friday in every month, at the Pioneer Hall, Broad Street. The aims of the Society are the bringing together of Englishmen for their mutual benefit and the maintenance of the British Connection. JNO. J. AUSTIN, Secretary. ja13

B. C. PIONEER SOCIETY.
The Hall of the above society in Musgrave Block, Broad street, is open daily from 10 a.m. to 4 p.m., for the convenience of Pioneers and their friends, who are cordially invited to visit the rooms.

ANCIENT ORDER FORESTERS
Court Vancouver No. 6755, A.O.F., meets 1st and 3rd Mondays in each month in Foresters' Hall, Government street. Visiting brothers are invited.
SIDNEY WILSON, Sec. fe13

VICTORIA-COLUMBIA LODGE,
No. 1, A. F. & A.M., R.C.R. Regular communications the first Thursday in each month, at Masonic Temple, corner of Douglas and Fisgard streets. Sojourning brethren cordially invited.
jal6 C. DUBOIS MASON, Secretary.

VANCOUVER & QUADRA LODGE
No. 2, A. F. & A. M., R.C.R. Regular communication the third Wednesday in each month, at Masonic Temple, corner Douglas and Fisgard streets. Sojourning brethren cordially invited. jy28 R. A. BROWN, Secretary.

COLUMBIA ROYAL ARCH
Chapter, No. 126, G.R.R. Regular convocations held on the first Tuesday of every month, at Chapter Hall, Masonic Temple, Douglas street, sojourning companions are cordially invited. R. H. SWINERTON, Scribe E.
1-19

FAR WEST LODGE, No. 1,
Regular convocation every Friday evening at Knights of Pythias Hall, Broad street. Sojourning Knight are cordially invited to attend. R. PEMBERTON, K. of R. & S.
oc13

ST. ANDREW'S & CALEDONIAN
Society meets in their own hall, Blanchard St., on the first Friday in every month. All Scotsmen are invited to join.
K. J. SMITH, Secretary.

QUEEN'S MARKET.
L. GOODACRE.
Government street, Victoria, B. C., wholesale and retail Butcher. Contractor by appointment to Her Majesty's Royal Navy.

A. & W. WILSON,
PLUMBERS AND GASFITTERS
Bell Hangers and Tinsmiths. Dealers in best descriptions of Heating and Cooking Stoves, Ranges, etc. Shipping supplied at lowest rates. Broad street, Victoria, B. C. Telephone call 138

MRS. McGREGOR,
MIDWIFE.
137 Cormorant Street.

PHYSICIANS.

DR. A. C. WEST
Surgeon Dentist,
Office Rooms: 1, 2 & 3, Adelphi Block, Corner Yates and Government Sts., Victoria, B C.
Dr. West calls particular attention to the Chase Metallic Roof Plate, which is the best denture ever devised, and for which he is the sole licensee for B.C. Its points of superiority are—lightness, strength, conductivity, and perfect adaptation, thus giving it all the advantages of an all gold plate with none of its disadvantages, and at a price within the reach of all. To examine a specimen plate will convince at once the truth of the above assertions. All dental work performed carefully and skilfully. Teeth extracted absolutely without pain by the use of a local anaesthetic. my17-d-w

S. A. STODDART
The New Watchmaker and Jeweller,
88½ Yates Street.
Cleans Watches thoroughly for 75c
New Main Springs, 75c.
Balance and Pallet Staffs, $1.25.
And guarantees all work for 12 months.
Practical experience of over 25 years.

A. MAXWELL MUIR,
ARCHITECT,
934 Douglas Street.

JOSEPH SEARS,
Painter, Glazier, Paper Hanger
Dealer in Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Brushes, Glass, Etc.
114 Yates Street.

Maternity Home
(LATE SAMARITAN)
Removed to larger premises, at 19 Blanchard corner of Rae Street. Applicants please apply at the home, or Mrs. Higgins, Cadboro Bay Road, or Mrs. Plummerfelt, Gorge Road.

VICTORIA THEATRE
Special Engagement of the Comedian
MR. CHARLES DICKSON
And his Model Organization
FRIDAY EVENING, NOVEMBER 24
Will be presented his new play
Admitted to the Bar
An American dramatic comedy in four acts by Henry Doblin and Charles Klein.
SATURDAY EVENING, NOV. 25,
The entertainment will commence with
The Salt Cellar
A Domestic Glimpse in one act from the German of C. A. Garner, by Henry Doblin, concluding with
INCOG
A comedy in three acts by Mrs. R. Pacheco.
Prices $1.00, 75 and 50c.
Seats now on sale at Jamieson's. n22-3t

MISCELLANEOUS

ONLY TWO LEFT of those cosy cottages; 1 four rooms, $5; 1 five rooms, bath, grates, etc., $10, including water. Apply to Mrs. P. Wilson, grocer, 185 Douglas street. N2-1m

WANTED—Good, Live, Active Representative in this city and vicinity, to take agency for our Koaline Fuel Saver and Fumigator. A reliable article. Good profit. Factories, hotels and families use this compound. Address with stamp THE KOALINE FUEL CO., Windsor, Ont. n22-3m

A RESPECTABLE GIRL wishes situation at general housework. Address C., Times office n22-2t

WANTED—Work by the day, week or month. Washing, ironing, and cooking. Good references. Apply 14 Meares street. n22-3t

TO LET—Sitting room, dining room, one or two bedrooms and kitchen. All well furnished, references required. Address XX, Times office. n21tf

DRESS AND MANTLE MAKING in the latest styles and perfect fit guaranteed. Miss Scott, 56 Pandora street. n22-1m

WANTED—Work by the day by a competent dressmaker, all work guaranteed. Address Miss E. La Monte, 125 Toronto street. n22-6t

WANTED—Partner with $300 to take interest in historical souvenir at the San Francisco Midwinter Fair; profits 500 per cent. Apply to Winnett & Cooper, 15 Trounce avenue. n22-3t

MARBLE QUARRY FOR SALE—160 acres containing fine quarry of marble of mixed colors. Address "Marble," Times office. n22 6t

WANTED PARTNER—In first class cash grocery doing good business; will bear investigation. Apply 139 Yates street. n20-3

FOR SALE—A cheap improved farm, 160 acres, on the Koksilah river, near McPherson's Station. Price reduced to $1200. A. W. MORE & CO., 70 Douglas St.

FOR SALE—A two-story new house on Francis Avenue, Saanich Road, 5 rooms. Price reduced to $875; $100 cash down. Douglas street car passes the house. A. W. MORE & CO., 70 Douglas street.

WANTED—Furnished cottage, five or six rooms, vicinity Fort and Vancouver; only two in family; state price. Box Q, R., Times office. n10-tf

FOR SALE—A few thoroughbred Berkshire pigs for breeding purposes. Write for prices. J. D. Bryant, Young P. O., B. C. n10-2m-d&w

PIANO TUNING—Jas. Sheridan, room 28, N.E. corner of Five Sisters Block, Fort street. o10-tf

PRACTICAL NAVIGATION TAUGHT by Captain J. Nickells. Terms, etc., on application at E. & N. R.R. boat house. Nov. 1-1m.

AGENTS make $5 a day. Greatest kitchen utensil ever invented. Retails 35cts. 2 to 6 sold in every house. Sample, postage paid, 5cts. Forshee & McMakin, Cincinnati, O. wed-26t-o11

FOR SALE—Lot No. 1218 in the city of Victoria, B. C., with house thereon numbered 34 Collinson street. Apply to Belyea & Gregory, or J. C. Prevost. o27-1m

FOR SALE—Two lots in Victoria West. Enquire at Half Way House. o14-1m

PIANO TUNING—Room 28, N.E. corner of Five Sisters Block, Fort street. o10-tf

TO LET—From 21st October instant, the "Albion House," 61 Government Street. For terms and particulars apply to 52 Langley Street, Victoria. Oct2-tf

LOST—A bunch of keys. Finder will please return to Times office. s27-tf

TO LET—Two good bedrooms for gentlemen, and housekeeping accomodation for a married couple at Miss McCandlish's 63 Superior street. s27-tf

B. VAN VOLKENBURGH,
BUTCHER AND PACKER,
72 Yates street. Oc.17

Ask for
'GRANBY'
Rubber Boots & Shoes.

REMOVAL.
On and after November 1st
G. D. McMARTIN'S BARBER SHOP
Will be removed from Douglas street to 57 Yates street, near Broad. The new shop will be fitted in first-class style, baths in connection; everything new; competent workmen.
CENTRAL SHAVING PALORS.
G. D. McMARTIN,
o26-1m Proprietor.

FOR SALE.

The following desirable residence and grounds are offered for sale by private contract.

No. 204 Yates street, in the city of Victoria, better known and described as Lot No. 972, according to the official map of the city.

The house is situated on the north side of Yates street, and is built of brick with stone foundation, and is almost new and in first-class repair, with 10 rooms, bathroom and basement, stable and outbuildings; within ten minutes' walk of the P. O. Apply to

JOHN HAGGERTY,
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Scarlet Fever Epidemic.

Montreal, Nov. 22.—Health officials report quite a number of scarlet fever cases at present. There were ten fatal cases last week. Other contagious diseases are, however, not at all prevalent.

THE DAILY TIMES

Published every afternoon except Sunday, by the Victoria Times Printing and Publishing Company, Limited;

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The Daily Times.

A TARIFF REFORM VICTORY.

It is quite impossible to misread the verdict returned by the electors of Winnipeg on Wednesday. Even if Mr. Martin had been able to do nothing more than cut down to a small figure the 500 majority given the Conservative candidate in 1891, the result would still have been significant as a revolt against the high taxation policy; but when he secured a majority of over 400 for himself there could be no doubt in any reasonable person's mind as to what the electors meant. Some attempts are made by Conservative papers to show that the contest hinged entirely on the personality of the opposing candidates. This looks a little childish, and of doubtful wisdom. It is quite freely admitted that Mr. Martin's victory is largely due to the votes of Conservatives, who for some reason chose to cast them against their party's candidate. We have too high an opinion of the intelligence and fidelity of the Winnipeg Conservatives to believe that they would find any such reason in the personality of the two men. Their past conduct quite precludes the idea. Nothing can be more certain than that the Conservatives who supported Mr. Martin did so with the purpose of impressing on the government the necessity of some real tariff reform, and that being their intention they have surely furnished the government with a strong enough object lesson. We have no doubt that the lesson was made all the sharper on what seemed like a direct invitation from Ottawa. When Ministers Foster and Angers returned to the capital they were interviewed by the Empire correspondent and were represented as minimizing the extent of the dissatisfaction with the present tariff which they had found in the Northwest. As the people of Winnipeg had made an effort to convince the two ministers that they really wanted tariff reform, this looked like a gratuitous insult, and it is not surprising that Conservatives as well as Liberals resented it. There is good reason to suppose that Mr. Martin's majority was very considerably increased by the foolish utterances of the two ministers. Whether they and their colleagues will take the hint conveyed by Winnipeg is a question that remains to be decided, but we should suppose that as they are not utterly devoid of intelligence the members of the government must see what the Winnipeg verdict means. In face of this reverse the ministers cannot well persist in affirming that there is but slight discontent in the country and that the protection system has still as strong a hold on the people as ever it had. Sir John Thompson can hardly assert so positively that the principle of protection must be maintained as the chief feature of our tariff, while Minister Foster will surely be less ready to declare that even higher duties will be imposed if "infant industries" seem to require them. If they are conscientiously determined to adhere to the doctrines they have preached all along they must regard the result in Winnipeg as a rather gloomy omen.

Mayor Desjardins lately had something to say about the proposal to establish a viceregal residence in Montreal, and a portion of the conversation is reported as follows: "In connection with the proposal to have the residence in Montreal, the mayor said he had been talking the matter over with the president of the C. P. R., and Mr. Van Horne had said that the presence of the governor-general in Montreal would induce many rich Americans to come here who were in the habit of spending some time in London every year in order to be invited to official receptions given by the court and high personages. These would be glad to come to Montreal were there a viceregal residence here, and great good would be done to trade in many directions." The snobs seem to be increasing in number instead of diminishing.

At a recent meeting in Soulanges Mr. Tarte told the audience that he would "give them a piece of authentic history" in regard to Minister Ouimet. And he proceeded to do as follows, according to the report:

"At a private conference Mr. Girouard, Mr. Ouimet, Mr. Chapleau and he (the speaker) took a solemn oath not to take office if Mr. Chapleau was not promoted to a higher cabinet position than the one he held as the representative of the province of Quebec. Mr. Girouard and Mr. Ouimet were summoned to Ottawa by the late Sir John Abbott and were offered positions. Mr. Girouard kept his promise; he (Tarte) declined. Both returned from Ottawa. A few days afterward Mr. Ouimet went to Ottawa alone and accepted office. He defied Mr. Girouard to deny this. If Mr. Girouard denied, he (Mr. Tarte) would resign his seat at once. When Mr. Chapleau heard of it he went to Mr. Ouimet and told him that, though he was six feet three inches in height, he was a miserable traitor."

In reference to the McGreevy-Connolly case an Ottawa dispatch says: "Much surprise was expressed at the fact that no evidence was taken with reference to the British Columbia graving dock contract and other important matters, and there is a suspicion that these omissions were the result of a lengthened interview which took place on Thursday evening at the Rideau club between Osler, the Dominion government lawyer, and Sir Adolph Caron." It can be quite easily understood that the government did not care to make out too good a case against the accused, since there were so many chances of others being implicated. The manipulation of the Esquimalt contract was pretty well exposed by the inquiry of the privileges and elections committee, but there were no doubt some fine points left untouched by that inquiry. The government does not want the whole truth revealed in connection with these scandals, and it may be confidently assumed that some of its members at least are sorry the affair has gone so far.

Probably the most disappointed spectator of the government's Winnipeg reverse is A. W. Ross, M.P., whose hopes of succeeding to the Manitoba governorship are said to be crushed. Having lost the Winnipeg seat, the government must needs regard Lisgar as at least extremely doubtful in the event of a bye-election, and Lisgar is therefore not likely to be opened for a contest. Mr. Scarth will probably get the gubernatorial plum and Mr. Ross will have to look for some other reward for his faithful support of the government.

The Russian Refugees

San Francisco, Cal., Nov. 24.—By the arrival from the east to-day of Professor J. A. Hourwich, who is at the head of the department of political economy in the University of Chicago, the case of the ten refugees from Siberia, who were detained here under the extradition treaty with the Czar, took on a new phase, and one which is likely to attract international attention. Professor Hourwich, who is a Russian, and a lawyer of experience, comes here as the legal representative of the Society of Americans for Russian Freedom. He has documentary evidence that the ten refugees were sent to Siberia for political reasons, this evidence having been secured long before the men escaped and managed to make their way to this country. He has affidavits from numerous Russians now resident in this country, who know the refugees, and are familiar with the circumstances under which they were sent to Siberia. The contention of the Russian government is that these men are simply criminals and if this contention be upset there is no law nor treaty by which they can be returned to the land of ice. Lloyd Garrison, of Boston, and several representative ex-Russians from different parts of the country have shown practical sympathy with the unfortunate refugees. The Russians were released last Tuesday.

The Lehigh Strike.

Buffalo, N. Y., Nov. 24.—At 9:30 this morning Lehigh officials began moving freight trains. Three freight trains a short distance apart were started, all manned by men who will make the run to Sayre, and there take new crews. The strikers say the new men are incompetent and that they have burned out a number of locomotives.

The talk of other roads being involved in case they handle Lehigh freight still continues. The strikers have been informed by representatives of Chief Arthur that the Brotherhood will stand by them if necessary to the extent of a quarter of a million. Chief Arthur and Grand Master Sargeant have been at Buffalo.

American News.

San Francisco, Nov. 24.—D. D. Dicks, who embezzled $3,000 belonging to Armour & Co., Kansas City, in June, 1892, has been arrested in this city and will be taken back in charge of a detective to-night.

New York, Nov. 24.—The stock market opened firm, 1-4 to 1-2 higher, general electric, St. Paul, and distilling leading the upward movement.

Threatened to Shoot.

Chicago, Ill., Nov. 24.—Charles Nostrom, a well dressed man, called on Jas. R. Walker, of the Tacoma Safety Deposit Vault Co., 176 Prairie avenue, last evening, and asked to see Walker. Being shown into the parlor, he asked Walker to assist him out of his financial difficulties. Walker declining to give him any money, Nostrom drew a revolver, and pointing it at Walker's breast said: "Write me a check for $10,000, hand it over, or I will put a hole into your hat." Walker knocked up the pistol with his arm, and opening the street door with his right hand, pushed Nostrom out. Walker then shut the door and telephoned for the police. Some hours later Nostrom was arrested. It is said he has been under arrest before for house-breaking.

CANADIAN DISPATCHES:

The News of Eastern Canada in Short Paragraphs.

Henry Northrop, head of the patent medicine firm of Northrop & Lyman, Toronto, is dead, aged 73.

Montreal health officials report quite a number of scarlet fever cases last week. Other contagious diseases are, however, not at all prevalent.

Burglars at Chatham entered the residence of Mrs. Beattie and stole a jewel case containing valuables worth $500. A negro named Alf. Brown has been arrested on suspicion.

A convention of Peel Conservatives nominated Richard Blain, warden of the county, as their candidate for the commons, and John Graydon, reeve of Streetsville, for the legislature.

It is said that E. F. Clarke, M.P.P., Toronto, has notified Mr. Meredith that he will not be in the field for the next election. It is surmised his intention is to change to the Dominion house.

Hugh Ryan, the Sault Ste. Marie canal contractor, says he will carry on the work of excavating for the dams all winter. He is confident they can have all ready for use by June 1st next.

In an interview Hon. Mr. Mercier declared himself as much aggrieved over the Nelson monument affair in which his son is implicated. He had no suspicion when he left Montreal the day before that an attempt to blow up the monument would be made.

The Hudson Bay and Pacific Railway and New Steamship Route Syndicate, limited, has been registered in London, with a capital of £10,000 in £20 shares. The object is to construct a railway from Fort Churchill on Hudson Bay to a point connecting with the C. P. R. at Calgary.

Bruce Blackie's three story building in Hamilton, two-thirds of which was occupied by John A. Bruce & Co., seed merchants, the remainder being occupied by Peter Bertram & Co., hardware, was destroyed by fire. The loss on the building is $10,000. Bruce & Bertrain's loss is $8,000. The amounts of insurance have not yet been ascertained.

Fisheries Inspector Boysmier at Windsor destroyed all nets belonging to a fisherman named Brown, amounting in value to nearly $800, claiming that the meshes were of illegal size. Brown has caused the issuance of a writ claiming $10,000 damages from Boysmier. Brown says he can prove that his nets were legal and that Boysmier acted from spite.

The Quebec provincial estimates for 1894-5 show a decrease of $396,337, gained mainly from the item of public works and buildings, which is put down for $122,486, as against $497,743. The other principal item of decrease is railways, which is about $45,000 less. The principal increases are $52,117 in public debts and a loan to the sisters of charity of $19,395.

Sir John Thompson was tendered a complimentary banquet by a number of members of St. James' club, Montreal, irrespective of politics, the guests including prominent politicians of both parties. Sir Donald A. Smith presided. Sir A. Caron, Sir C. H. Tupper, Hon. A. R. Angers, Hon. J. A. Ouimet and others were present. The premier made a felicitous speech in reply to the toast to his health.

Great surprise has been created in St. John by the announcement that the shipping firm of Troop & Son is financially embarrassed, due, it is said, to several losses which the firm has sustained of late in wrecks and the depressed state of freights. An effort is being made to induce the creditors to allow the business to go on. The firm has extensive business with New York, and hope to effect arrangements whereby the business will proceed as usual.

An advance of $2 to $4 a thousand feet over last year's prices, and 50 cents above rates a month ago, has recently been recorded for thick lumber in the Ottawa district. The stock of dry lumber on hand is not equal to the demand, and a considerable quantity is going forward from the mills before it is ready to handle. Shipments during the past two weeks have averaged two million feet per day. The South American market is picking up, and heavy shipments are going forward to Buenos Ayres of 12-inch stock, freight being in the vicinity of $9 per thousand.

A statement showing the yields of crops in Ontario for 1893 has just been compiled from the returns of 2,500 correspondents of the Ontario bureaus of industries. Of fall wheat the yield for the year amounted to 17,545,248 bushels, as against 20,492,497 in 1892. The number of acres devoted to fall wheat last year was 923,954, as against 966,522 in the previous year. The average yield per acre was 19.2 in 1893 and 21.2 in 1892. Taking each year from 1882 to 1893, the average yield was 18,219,274 bushels from 909,078 acres, representing a yield per acre of 20 bushels. The yield of spring wheat in 1893 was 4,186,063 bushels from 356,721 acres, representing an average yield per acre of 11.7 bushels. In 1892 the yield was 8,290,395 bushels from 651,392 acres, or an average of 12.7 per acre. The yearly average for twelve years, 1882 to 1893, was 8,442,206 bushels from 553,024 acres, an average per acre of 15.2 bushels.

They Want His Scalp.

Minneapolis, Minn., Nov. 24.—It is reported that articles of impeachment against Mayor Eustis will be preferred at to-night's council meeting. The mayor publicly declared a few days ago that he would permit saloons to keep their back doors open on Sundays contrary to law. Now the ministers and crusaders want his scalp. The people of the Third ward are terrorized over a mysterious "913" that has appeared on the residence of nearly every Roman Catholic. This ward has a large A. P. A. membership and that organization is credited with the action.

Pennoyer's Thanksgiving Proclamation

Portland, Or., Nov. 24.—Thanksgiving day of 1893 in this state will go into history not only on account of its premature observance, but also because of the extraordinary tenor of the governor's proclamation, which is couched in a vein totally foreign to any similar document ever issued. These are the words in which the chief executive of Oregon addresses the people of the state: "God has indeed been most benevolent to our state, and yet unjust and ill-advised congressional having made gold alone full legal tender money has so dwarfed and paralyzed business that the bounties of providence are no denied to hundreds of thousands of people within the national domain, who are not only without employment, but who are without the means of procuring food, raiment and shelter. While, therefore, the people of Oregon return thanks to God for his goodness, I do most earnestly recommend that they should devoutedly implore him to dispose the president and congress of the United States to secure the restoration of silver as full legal tender money in accordance with the policy of the fathers of the Republic, whereby our industry may be revived and the honest toilers of the land may procure their daily bread, not as alms, but as the reward of their labor."

RIVAL RELIGIONS.

Chile to be a Battle Ground Between Methodism and Romanism.

New York, Nov. 24.—Fears are expressed that the recent transfer to the general missionary board of the Methodist church of the mission field in the Republic of Chile, which, through the munificence of Andrew Fowler of this city, and Richard Grant of New Jersey, and the indefatigability of Bishop Taylor, has hitherto been conducted on the basis of a private field, may lead in the near future to religious complications in that portion of South America.

A gentleman conversant with the country, who recently returned from a prolonged visit to it, said to-day that the power that is here the Roman Catholic church, which predominates in Chile, had been watching the progress of Methodism for some time past with a jealous eye. So long as the missions were under private auspices no opposition had been offered, but now that they had been formally adopted as a part of the general mission field of the Methodist church and directly under its control, it was not at all improbable that the government might have something to say, if not something to do, that would result in serious embarrassment to the cause.

This situation was simply described by the speaker in this way: "At the present time the high dignitaries of the Roman Catholic church and the government of the republic are as one, although there have been questions upon which a little friction has arisen. If these friendly relations are permanently established then the progress of the Methodist mission movement may encounter some obstacles. On the other hand there is just a bare possibility that the government may cultivate the development of Methodism as a way of paying back some old scores against Romanism. At any rate the probabilities are that the ensuing year will develop some interesting news in a religious way from Chile, out of which there may grow international complications."

Systematic Poor Relief.

Terre Haute, Ind., Nov. 24.—Steps were taken at a mass meeting of representatives of all the lodges, church and social organizations of Terre Haute last night at the city hall to systematically relieve the great distress prevailing among the unemployed. In addition to this, the city will furnish street work as long as the treasury admits of it, and a local brewing company announces that it will furnish daily 1,800 loaves of bread to needy people.

Too Many Deaths.

Cleveland, Nov. 24.—The alarming increase in mortality among members of secret societies conducted on what is known as the fraternal or assessment plan is giving considerable concern both to the supreme officers and the membership generally of these organizations. In the case of one particular association of large and influential membership nearly one-third of the deaths reported in the current monthly mortuary statement are ascribed to consumption or complaints allied thereto. As a result of these exhibits there is considerable talk concerning the advisability of the orders affected endorsing and recommending to their membership the scientific remedy for consumption originated by Dr. Amick, of Cincinnati, which has attracted considerable attention both among the medical profession and laymen. So widespread is the feeling that the members of supreme lodges and the ruling bodies of organizations in question, and which are to meet during the present winter and coming spring in different parts of the country, the question of formally endorsing this discovery and recommending its use to the membership of lodges throughout the country will be submitted and advocated by representative delegates.

Killed by Fright.

New Brunswick, N. J., Nov. 24.—Twelve-year-old Mary Bowell of Prospect Plains, this county, went to the cellar for her doll last night, and while ascending the stairs her brother made a mournful sound and slammed and locked the door. The girl screamed in terror, but the boy kept her locked in. All at once the screams ceased, and when the door was opened the girl was found dead. A physician who was summoned said death was due to a shock produced by fright. The brother, who is thus apparently responsible for her death, is ill from remorse.

Effects of Bad Whiskey.

Shamokin, Pa., Nov. 24.—Eight months ago James Starks, an iron worker, became angry and swore in a most frightful way. He became dumb at the time and did not speak again until yesterday, when he attended a protracted meeting and made profession of religion, after which his speech came to him. Next day, however, he was speechless again, and he is now losing his sight. When he first lost his speech he saw a vision and imagined it reproached him for his wickedness. When it vanished he was unable to speak or hear.

Flogging in the South.

Montgomery, Ala., Nov. 24.—Lee county, of which Opelika is the county seat, was the scene of a negro uprising today. This morning several white men rode into Opelika and reported that 100 armed negroes held the interior of the county at their mercy and had threatened the whole family of Jefferson Whately, a white planter. Yesterday Mr. Whately's wife had some trouble with one of her colored house women, and the latter used profane language to her mistress. Later Whately undertook to flog the woman. She then left and spread the story of the whipping among the people, and a large crowd of blacks secured arms and picketed all the roads leading to Whately's house. Sheriff Gresham received word of the uprising and organized a posse and arrested 11 men and placed them in jail. Serious trouble is feared.

For "That Tight Feeling" in the chest use LONDON HOSPITAL COUGH CURE.

COCHRANE & MUNN,
Prescription Druggists,
Cor. Yates-Douglas Sts.

SHORT LOCALS.

Gleanings of City and Provincial News in a Condensed Form.

—Bowes' Bronchial Balsam Cures Coughs. 27 Johnson.

—Pocket and table cutlery at Fox's, 78 Government street.

—Razors and shaving materials of best Sheffield make at Fox's, 78 Government street. Satisfaction guaranteed.

—Canton Victoria, No. 1., P. M., will meet to-night in I. O. O. F. hall at 8 p. m., promptly; a full attendance is requested.

—Mrs. Brown, mother of A. N. Brown, newspaper man, formerly of the Victoria News, died at Seattle on Wednesday. She had lived in Seattle since 1871, and was 65.

It is rumored Captain T. S. Jackson, commodore of the second class, at present at the dockyard at Jamaica, is about to be transferred to Esquimalt dockyard in charge.—Naval and Military Record.

—Lieutenant C. J. Wintour has been appointed to H. M. S. Pheasant for navigating duties, to date from Nov. 4th Lieutenant McIville, the present navigating lieutenant, will leave for England early next week by the C. P. R.

—The Y. M. I. and Y. L. I. joined in giving an "At Home" last night in Institute Hall. Cards were enjoyed during the early evening, and later music and dancing. There was a large attendance and the "At Home" was greatly enjoyed.

—F. W. Teague, secretary of the B. C. Dog and Poultry Association, returned from Nanaimo yesterday. The Nanaimo show is to take place on December 20th, 21st and 23rd. They have a large prize list and several very handsome prizes are offered.

—Walter Topping, manager of the Union Steamship company of Vancouver, is in the city and is at the Oriental. He denies the rumor that his company will start an opposition line to San Francisco for the Midwinter Fair. He says they have enough to do in their own territory at present.

—On last Wednesday evening, at 904 Fourth avenue, East Oakland, Miss Alice Woodell was wedded to William Thomas Bragg, of Victoria, B. C. After the ceremony, which was performed by the Rev. S. J. Palmer, the couple started to Santa Cruz on their wedding tour. They will make their home in British Columbia.—Examiner.

—The Thanksgiving concert in the Metropolitan Methodist church lecture room last evening was well attended and was a very successful affair in every way. Those on the programme were: Herbert Kent, W. Edgar Buck, J. Parfitt, and J. G. Brown, Mrs. Brown, Miss Duffie, Miss Penwill and Miss O'Neil. The orchestra of the Sunday school aided in the concert as well.

—The school board on Wednesday evening awarded the contract for grading the north ward school grounds to J. Haggerty, whose tender was for $4957. The other tenderer was R. Dinsdale. The department of education has allowed the afternoon recess for junior classes as suggested by the board. A committee was appointed to investigate the seemingly irregular change of janitors at the north ward school and the secretary was notified to call for tenders for the printing of papers for the Christmas examinations.

—If there is a theatre goer of this city that has not already determined to attend the Victoria theatre to-night, it must be because he is not aware that Charles Dickson and his company will play an engagement in his latest success, a new four act dramatic comedy entitled "Admitted to the Bar." Mr. Dickson personally has a large following here, and the fact that the new play has been the recipient of unanimously favorable press notices in every city in which it has appeared will do much to assure the patrons of the Victoria that they will see a good play. Of the performance, Mr. Dickson's reputation and that of his company is a sufficient guarantee.

—A pretty wedding took place at St. John's church in Oakland at noon last Wednesday, when Miss Maude Wyman, daughter of the late Captain Wyman, was united in marriage to Dr. Eberts, of Wellington, B. C. The church was crowded, and the decorations of flowers, plants and foliage were very beautiful. Miss Ethel Wyman was the maid of honor, G. E. Powell, of Victoria, B. C., was best man, and the ushers were Major George R. Burdick and W. J. Wiley of San Francisco, and A. P. Brayton and W. D. Armes, of Oakland. The impressive ceremony was performed by Rev. Dr. McClure and Rev. Father Akerly. Samuel Taylor, brother-in-law of the bride, gave her into the keeping of the groom. After the wedding the bridal party enjoyed an elaborate breakfast at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. Samuel J. Taylor on Linda Vista terrace. In the evening Dr. and Mrs. Eberts left for Vancouver Island, where they will reside. Dr. Eberts is the chief surgeon and physician at the colliery of the Wellington Coal company.—San Francisco Call, Nov. 20.

—The police "gathered in" two "drunks" yesterday.

Evangelist O. B. Read continues his meetings at 3 this afternoon and 7:45 to-night.

—The Provincial government will not send the B. C. mining exhibit now at Chicago, to the Midwinter Fair.

—Postmaster Shakespeare's lecture on Wednesday evening was very interesting. An enjoyable concert was also held.

—The first Japanese oranges of the season have been received here. They came on the Empress of China and were reshipped from Vancouver.

—The ladies of the First Presbyterian church held an "At Home" on Wednesday evening at the residence of Mrs. Anton Vigelius. A very pleasant evening was spent.

—J. N. Bessellew, of Sunnyside, Oregon, and Miss Clarissa J. Clanton, of this city, were married on Wednesday evening at the home of the bride's parents, Topaze avenue, by Rev. Cleaver.

—The first of a series of entertainments to be held by the Diocesan Literary Society took place yesterday in Temperance Hall. Bishop Perrin delivered an address after which there was a concert.

—The attendance at the concert given under the auspices of the Cedar Hill Presbyterian church, Wednesday night, was large. The programme comprised many good numbers which were duly appreciated.

—The ladies aid of the Victoria West Methodist church will give a bazaar and concert next Tuesday afternoon and evening. Refreshments will be served in the afternoon and the programme of the concert will be a very fine one.

—Captain Clive Phillipps-Wolley is back from England where he went to direct the publication of writings on big game and his novel "Gold, Gold in Cariboo." While in England he contributed a number of articles on British Columbia to the press.

—At the meeting of the Y. L. I., No. 83, held Tuesday night, the following officers were installed: Miss McDowell, president, vice Miss Skinner; Miss E. Conlin, financial secretary, vice Miss Kerr; and Mrs. Leonard, vice Miss Finnerty, treasurer.

—The snow storm scored a signal victory over the soldiers yesterday, the order for parade being countermanded when the time for assembly arrived. The slush and snow might have damaged uniforms, but a turn-out yesterday would have been real practice. It would have tried the citizen soldiers' endurance and would have been something like real campaigning.

—A. L. Poudrier and N. B. Gavreau, the government explorers, with their party, returned on Wednesday evening from the interior of the province. They went into the interior 400 miles from Ashcroft and during that long trip did not meet with a single accident. Their orders from the commissioner was to say nothing and consequently they are not at liberty to give an account of their trip.

—The ladies' aid society of the Methodist church at Victoria West will hold a sale of work in the church, corner of Catherine and Esquimalt streets, on Tuesday, Nov. 28th. A goodly collection of useful and fancy articles has been procured and will be offered for sale. Refreshments will be served during the afternoon and evening at a moderate charge. A programme will be rendered during the evening.

—The Victoria Rugby foothal team were rather disappointed yesterday. They boarded the steamer Premier on Wednesday night to go to New Westminster and play a match game there. The storm kept the steamer in the harbor and the men awoke about 8 o'clock to find themselves in Victoria. Had there been no snow it would have been too late then to make connections so the trip was abandoned.

—Those desiring a first-class Thanksgiving dinner should go to the New England restaurant, where they will find an elegant supply of the best only. Roast turkey and cranberry sauce, roast goose and apple sauce, roast sucking pig and apple sauce, and good old New England pumpkin pie. We also have on hand at all times Eastern and native oysters, which are served in any style. Salads, such as chicken, shrimp, lobster, etc., are made to order at any time. The confectionery department contains the finest of pastry, cakes, candies, bon bons and fancy boxes and baskets for candies, etc. Wedding cakes a specialty. Lunch and dinner parties given the best of attention.

Bread delivered in any part of the city.

—The story of a Thanksgiving day duck shooting expedition is being told around town. Two popular young men hired a horse and cart to take them to the country. Arrived at a favorable spot the horse was hitched to a tree, and the young hunters roamed away in search of game. Late in the afternoon they returned footsore and with empty bags, but were congratulating themselves that at least they would have a drive home. To their surprise the horse was no longer where they had left it. A few broken pieces of the cart were seen. Hungry and worn out they started to look for the horse. Broken pieces of the cart lying here and there gave them a clue. After walking over a mile the horse was found with a piece of the cart still dragging behind him. The two hunters mounted the horse and rode homeward, leaving the relics of the cart behind.

—Four drunks were in the police court this morning. Fined $5 each.

—Japan and Russian coast charts and sailing directions. J. Johnston & Co.

—The ladies of the James Bay Methodist church gave a reception yesterday afternoon. It was very well attended.

—Victoria lodge, K. of P., nominated officers last night and gave the page rank to two candidates. Far West elects officers to-night.

—The play "Rob Roy" will be rehearsed to-night in the hall of the St. Andrew's and Caledonian Society on Blanchard street. Those who have the affair in hand are determined to make the piece a success.

—The concert at Emmanuel Baptist church last night to aid in paying off the debt on the organ attracted a large crowd of people who were all amply rewarded for it was a good one. A fair sum was realized.

—A gentleman who arrived from Vancouver last night said that just before the Premier left Vancouver, the C. P. R. officials received a dispatch stating that the Miowera had floated. The C. P. R. agent in Victoria received no word in regard to the matter.

Dr. Edgar Parker, graduate of Philadelphia Dental College, has opened an office in the Clarence block, corner of Yates and Douglas streets, over Central drug store, where he is prepared to practice all branches of his profession. Crown and bridge work a specialty; prices moderate; satisfaction guaranteed.

—The Times would draw attention to the very bad state of the Admiral's road, Esquimalt, between the main road of the tramway and the gravel pits on Mr. Parker's farm. There is a great deal of heavy cartage from the gravel pits, and the road has never been properly repaired since the new naval hospital was built. Where coal is carted for the hospital from the railway track the two-wheeled carts in turning, excavate holes with their wheels near the track, and at present this road is in urgent need of repair.

—The name of Craigie Sharp, jr., appears in the passenger list of the City of Kingston for yesterday's trip. Mr. Sharp is the commissioner-at-large of the Midwinter Fair and is in the Northwest to induce public bodies such as municipalities, and county, state, and provincial governments to exhibit. Mr. Sharp could not be found at any of the hotels to-day and it is likely he either returned to the Sound or went to Vancouver. He will probably pay the city a longer visit before returning to California.

—Prof. Rene Quentin's painting "Abjure or Die," which has elicited so much praise from all who have seen it, will be placed on exhibition to-morrow at the store of C. A. Lombard, Government street. As the picture was painted for night effect only it will be exhibited in the evening between the hours of 5 and 8 o'clock, in the store, for it is too large to place in the window. The piece is an interesting one to both the historian and lover of art. Prof. Quentin spent nearly four months on it.

—In the police court John Clark was convicted of assaulting W. L. Kennedy, clerk of the Dallas hotel, and fined $20 and costs or two months. The fine was paid. Several street car men saw the assault and gave evidence in court. Clark accused Kennedy of shooting a dog belonging to him and wanted Kennedy to come and fight it out. Kennedy disclaimed having shot any dog. Clark threatened Kennedy and put his threat into execution by unexpectedly striking him to the ground. When Kennedy was on the ground Clark again struck him.

—The South Saanich I. O. G. T. lodge gave its second social in the new temperance hall, South Saanich, last evening. In spite of the unfavorable weather there was a fair attendance, the Victoria lodges being well represented. A good programme was given, the principal features being a farce entitled "Brother Ben" by the Victoria West Dramatic Society, and a sketch "Popoff's Magnetic Institute" by members of the Victoria West Thespian club, both of which were enthusiastically applauded. Songs, recitations and piano solos filled up a most enjoyable evening. After the visitors and friends had done justice to a fine spread of refreshments, they returned to the city very well satisfied with their excursion.

—Notwithstanding the snow storm a large congregation assembled yesterday at the thanksgiving service in First Presbyterian church. The 116th Psalm was the lesson read. Appropriate selections were heartily sung. The pastor gave a racy address, pointing out many causes for thankfulness in the British Empire, the Dominion of Canada, the province of British Columbia, the city of Victoria and the congregation of First Presbyterian church. He paid a glowing tribute to the Queen, as a wise, judicious, Christian sovereign. He referred eloquently to the Earl of Aberdeen as a man whose executive ability, and Christian character should make loyal Canadians thankful—he has been appointed governor-general. The teacher spoke of the city's public schools, the high professional efficiency of Victoria lawyers, physicians and surgeons, the enterprise of the merchants, the ability of the statesmen, and the talent in the pulpits. In referring to the press he said few cities in Canada were favored with newspapers conducted on better principles and of a higher moral tone than the Colonist and the Times. J. Tang, M. D., for many years physician in the hospital at Amoy, China, now practicing medicine here, gave an interesting address, showing the progress of Christianity during the last 50 years in Formosa, and the Celestial empire.

$4 "CABINETS" $4
Per Doz.

$5 "CORONAS" $5
Per Doz.

The newest and most beautiful style of Photo. Soft, delicate and artistic.

These prices are for Xmas trade.

SKENE LOW, Photo, 63 Gov't St.

THE ROAD TO NELSON.

Official Notice of the Completion of the N. & F. S. Railway.

Major Dupont, as president of the Nelson & Fort Sheppard railway company, has given notice to the provincial government of the completion of that road, and has asked for an official inspection. The line is to be opened for traffic about the 1st of December, when trains will run through between Spokane and Nelson. There is every reason to suppose that traffic will be uninterrupted, as the road is well built and the company has procured a rotary snow plough, which will easily cope with the Kootenay drifts. The difficulties of winter travelling to and from Nelson and Kaslo will thus be removed. Some people have an idea that the railway does not now touch Nelson, or go any nearer to it than Five Mile Point, on Kootenay lake. This mistake has arisen from the announcement that the company yet intends to build from the point back to Nelson along the lake shore. The fact is that the road touches Nelson on its way to Five Mile Point, and the station is within about half a mile of the heart of the town. The building of the road to Five Mile Point was caused partly by the necessity of overcoming the steep descent to the lake shore and partly by the desire of the company to gain as ready communication as possible with Kaslo and the Slocan country. The steamers to Kaslo will make connection at every trip with the trains at Five Mile Point. Many [illegible] the good work done by the company on this road. The season was a bad one in many respects for railway building. Then the financial disorders placed a serious obstacle in the way of any new enterprise. In the face of all these troubles the company went ahead with pluck and energy, and now of course expects to reap a reward for its labors.

CRAIGIE SHARP HERE.

The Midwinter Fair Commissioner Will Speak in Public To-Night.

Craigie Sharp, jr., commissioner of the Midwinter fair, will arrive in Victoria by the City of Kingston to-night. Mr. Sharp has come here on business. He has been touring the Northern Pacific States in the interests of the Midwinter fair, and will try to arouse interest in British Columbia. The following telegram from Mr. Sharp to Mr. Rithet was received by the secretary of the board of trade yesterday:

Port Townsend, Nov. 23, 1893.
R. P. Rithet, Victoria:
Please call a meeting of your citizens to-morrow (Friday) night. I will be there and address them.
CRAIGIE SHARP, JR.

Yesterday was Thanksgiving Day, and there was little time to give notice of the meeting. Messenger boys are being sent to-day to the prominent men of Victoria acquainting them with the meeting and requesting them to attend. The meeting will be held in the board of trade building this evening at 8 o'clock. An invitation is extended to all persons interested in the fair, irrespective of their being members of the board of trade. Mr. Sharp will probably visit the mainland cities.

Scotch Wool, Berlin Wool and Saxony Wool
At Russell & McDonald's.

Lillooet News.

Lillooet, B.C., Nov. 20.—The hydraulic mines have all closed.

Three inches of snow fell here last night. The weather is very mild.

The Post Office Building.

There was a rumor in circulation yesterday that it had been decided to commence work upon the new postoffice, custom house and inland revenue building at an early date, and to press it to completion as rapidly as possible. The report reaching here so soon after the return to Ottawa of Ministers Foster and Angers caused the remark to be made that the government wanted to do a little bolstering of their interest here with patronage. A Times reporter called upon Thomas Earle, M. P., this morning, but he said he knew nothing about the matter. Agent Gamble of the Dominion lands and works department was out of the city and could not be seen.

Ladies' Black Walking Hats 75c
At Russell & McDonald's, opposite the Iron Church, Douglas street.

Just Arrived

Limburg Cheese
Brick Cream Cheese
Sap Sago Cheese
Roquefort Cheese
Fromage de Brie Cheese

Japanese Oranges
Also to hand for Xmas Trade.

ERSKINE, WALL & CO.
Cor. Government and Fort Sts.

Argyle House

A Complete Stock of
Hosiery
In Our Well Known Wear Well Brand

Women's Plain Black Cashmere Hose.
Women's Ribbed Black Cashmere Hose.
Children's Plain Black Cashmere Hose.
Children's Ribbed Black Cashmere Hose.
Children's Heavy Wool Hose in Black.
Boys' Heavy Wool Knickerbocker Hose, in Black—Cannot be beaten for wear.

Just received one more case of
Womens' Black Wool Hose, 25c. a pair.

A Big Lot of Remnants of Carpets 50 per cent. below wholesale prices.

Remnants of Dress Goods, Flannels, &c., very cheap.

J. Horner & Co.

FOR SALE

6 Lots--2 Corners

ONE ACRE
The best site for a good house on the market. Close to Tramway. Near to water. City water on property.

THREE LOTS
Cultivated as garden. Price $1,400. A great bargain.

J. E. CRANE,
30 Broad Street.

NEW GOODS
Finnan Haddies
AT R. H. JAMESON'S,
33 FORT STREET.

Clothed And in His Right Mind

No man can be said to be thoroughly in possession of his senses who does not provide protection against atmospheric changes in the form of an overcoat. We can fit you in a "beauty" from $25.00 up. Our Suitings and Pantings equally good value. Suits from $18.00. Pants from $5.00.

J. W. CREIGHTON,
Successor to J. C. Leask & Co'y.
No. 86 Government Street.

Why Worry?

Your temper with ill-fitting spectacles or eyeglasses, or your eyes with glasses wholly inequitable? If in need of glasses consult us. Never mind the price, we can suit you within your means.

F. W. NOLTE & CO.,
THE ONLY OPTICIANS,
37 Fort Street.

—THE—
Stanley House

GENERAL DRY GOODS
55, 57, 59 DOUGLAS ST.,
COR. OF FORT ST.

JUST ARRIVED a Splendid assortment of
:NEW:
FURS
In all the Leading Furs And Styles

Bear Boas,
Silver Fox Boas
The Latest Novelty.
Capes,
In Mink, Seal, Beaver, Etc.
Storm Collars,
Muffs
To Match.....

A few Novelties in
CHILDREN'S FUR SETS
...FUR LINED MANTLES...

All marked down to suit the times.

W. S. Hampson & Co.

A Grocer With Any Sand

Will not put it into his sugar but rather into business principles. Pure sugar is a good thing to be able to sell, but much of it is adulterated in these days. The watchful grocer is careful what he buys—then he knows what he is selling.

This is the only way in which a reputation for reliability can be built up.

As in sugar, so with tea, coffee, flour, butter—everything we keep for public consumption.

We Buy the Best
Therefore,
We Sell the Best

And are satisfied with a reasonably small profit. Perhaps you know this already. Certainly you do if you deal with us.

SPEED BROS.,
Successors to J. P. Matthews,
Corner of Fort & Douglas Sts.

REAL EIDER DOWN QUILTS

What a pleasure to sleep under a real Eider Down Quilt. All warmth without that depressing weight of Blankets and cotton quilts. You can buy one at "The Westside" for

$6.90.

J. HUTCHESON & CO.
Nov. 4, 1893.

DR. PRICE'S Cream Baking Powder.
The only Pure Cream of Tartar Powder.—No Ammonia; No Alum
Used in Millions of Homes—40 Years the Standard.

ROBBERY AND EXTORTION

Some Facts About Canada's Beautiful Government.

HOW THE PEOPLE ARE SWINDLED

Nothing Paternal About Dominion Government Rule—Stand and Deliver, Their Motto—Outrages and Ridiculous Customs Laws.

To the Editor: I have examined the accounts showing British Columbia's share in the receipts and expenditures of the Dominion, taken from the auditor-general's report for the year 1892. These accounts were supplied on motion of Col. Prior, M. P., a staunch supporter of the present government, and published in the Vancouver World, the mainland government organ. We may therefore rest assured that no mistake has been made, certainly not on the debit side.

The immense amount of money extracted from the province and the small portion she receives back justifies me in coming to the conclusion that very few of our people outside of the government clique have the slightest conception to what extent, and how unmercifully, they are robbed under the pretext of protection, or how grievously they are injured in their trade and in the development of industries.

The following accounts are manifest and irrefutable evidence of Dominion extortion. I feel confident that nearly every disinterested person, residing in or out of the province, will, after going over these accounts, agree with the writer that no expressions, written or oral, can adequately denounce the infamous "national policy," inaugurated and kept up by political schemers to plunder people.:

DOMINION REVENUE, (i.e., Plunder.)

FROM B. C.	
Net customs duties for Province	$1,407,008 42
Net inland revenue	237,943 15
Chinese poll-tax	165,853 00
Gross deposits in customs seizures	3,769 22
Fines, str. Senator Skidegate	150 00
Casual revenue Victoria	115 00
Postoffice dept. receipts	127,327 98
Land agencies	54,199 16
Timber, do.	27,863 25
Esquimalt graving dock	18,416 23
Department of fisheries	8,192 48
Sick mariners fund	6,450 74
Marine dept. steamboat inspector	1,945 74
Cattle inspector	1,465 44
Hire of dredger Vancouver Coal Company	680 00
Examination of mariners	131 00
Charters	210 00
Dept. Indian affairs	659 46
Arrears due by C. R. Savage	3,542 11
House of Commons private bills	863 20
Superannuation tax	200 00
Sale military stores	274 32
B. C. Penitentiary	471 55
Experimental farm	66 55
Sundry small items	310 79
Dominion receipts from B.C.	$2,067,508 30

This is $21.06 for every man, woman and child in the province. Granting that our population was, when the census was taken, 98,173, it is very far from that number now, nor can we expect to have that number again unless under honest administration, provincial and Dominion.

DOMINION EXPENDITURE, (i.e., distribution of Plunder.) IN B. C.

Legal expenses and taxed costs	$ 2,540 92
Advertising, printing and lithography	1,410 76
Charges of management	5,725 60
Lieut.-Governor's salary	9,000 00
Miscellaneous justice and Supreme court judges	62,850 62
Supreme court judges	22,670 00
County court judges	9,600 00
Travel of judges	7,796 82
Vice admiralty court	448 39
B. C. penitentiary	36,711 82
Senators (3 indemnity and mileage	4,671 20
Commons (6) indemnity and mileage	8,865 80
Franchise Act 1891 and extras	3,886 35
Experimental farm	20,210 73
Criminal and health statistics	168 95
Census return	31,674 35
Immigration Vancouver and Victoria	4,733 35
Quarantine Victoria and cattle	3,890 80
Superannuation	8,087 15
N. W. Rebellion pensions	1,186 90
Militia and sundries	4,213 73
C Battery expenses	39,462 77
C Battery transportation	3,533 15
C allowances	437 00
Provincial rifle association	500 00
Salaries and travel	8,692 30
Military buildings and expenses	7,226 40
C. P. R.	28,580 82
R'y subsidies, Col. and Kootenay	88,800 00
R'y subsidies, Shuswap and Okanagan	162,200 00
Public buildings, Vancouver	32,438 46
Public buildings generally	3,626 22
Harbors and rivers	59,767 89
Dredging	13,727 36
Steamer repairs	4,547 49
Fraser river	5,068 73
Telegraphs	8,191 59
Telegraphs Comox to Nanaimo	1,885 94
Ocean and river service S. S. Quadra	14,437 66
Construction S.S. Quadra	18,250 00
Light house and coast service	9,680 19
Light house agencies	2,431 43
Maintenance of lights	14,906 81
Construction of lights	9,010 13
Meteorological Service, Esquimalt	1,325 00
Meteorological service, Spence's Bridge	275 00
Geological survey, etc	520 11
Survey Burrard Inlet	2,580 45
Marine hospital	3,570 37
Marine dept., s.s. inspector	2,196 55
Marine, miscellaneous	10 75
Fisheries overseers and wardens	6,158 17
Fraser river hatchery	2,891 57
B. C. Commissioners and Commissioner	448 40
Behring Sea Sealing enquiry	3,556 78
Behring sea dispute printing	2,162 63
Indians general maintenance	90,021 79
Indian trust fund	24,980 54
Customs salaries	51,508 12
Inspection of ports	200 00
Officer, Tacoma	765 00
Chinese immigration	1,263 86
Inland rev. salaries and contingencies	11,892 56
Weights and measures	1,128 20
Gas Inspection	405 00
Esquimalt dock, salaries and repairs	16,501 36
Esquimalt dock printing	84 00
Subsidies to Province	242,241 46
Postoffice service	122,232 46
Public Works agency	6,352 19
Extras to various officials	5,627 53
Dominion land surveys	22,026 94
Dominion agencies, Kamloops	2,450 46
Dominion agencies, New Westminster	8,135 92
Inside service	4 20
Twenty-five per cent. of Chinese poll-tax	40,662 50
Sundry small items	420 95
Grand total charged against B. C.	$1,467,178 38

Deduct this from $2,067,508.30, leaving the nice little sum of $600,329.92, 29.06 per cent. of the gross sum, British Columbia's share towards keeping up the Dominion government.

We will now examine carefully the different sums. It will be seen that with the exception of $242,241.46, subsidies paid to the province, all this money is paid out by the Dominion government, the patronage giving great political power, which is made use of to the fullest extent. It may safely be said there are few in government pay who would not be discharged if they did not vote for their paymasters. As long as this is tolerated by the people, just so long will British Columbia be deprived of liberal representation.

We have three senators, each costing us $1,557 a year, yet we very rarely hear of them opening their mouths for our province. We have six M. P.'s, each costing us $1,477, and the only one that ever tried to protect our people against slave labor is dead. The person elected in his place declared himself a partisan of the "Moloch." Neither senator nor M. P., though cognizant of the fact that British Columbia was unmercifully robbed, ever made the matter known.

Some time back "missing word" guessing was all the rage. Sometimes the right word was hit upon. I like to encourage such puzzles, and beg to offer, through the Times, two prizes, a leather medal and a bamboo speaking trumpet, for the best solution of the problem, "What benefit does British Columbia derive from her present Dominion representation?"

I have not one word to say against soldier or officer. The item shows, however, that they are too expensive for this poor province. Beyond a few officers to drill our young men they are superfluous, and a luxury we cannot afford.

Harbors and rivers and dredging. This item is very large, but the details of expenditure are lacking. We must not forget to credit the Victorian M. P.'s with having secured $6,000 for your harbor, and six times that sum for a drill shed, which was of considerably more importance than your harbor; at least it was thought so.

On river work, I take upon myself to speak with some authority, based on many years' study of cause and effect. Over six years ago I condemned the works then carried on from time to time. Since then I have done the same. Were it not for the great volume and velocity of the current, caused by the melting of the snows, the noble Fraser would long ere this have been rendered unavigable except for light draft vessels. I have no hesitation in declaring that I firmly believe that the destruction of the Fraser for ocean-going, deep draft vessels has been determined upon from the first. I further say that I know of no river so easily conserved and rendered navigable for the very largest size vessels at low water.

The item for lights and coast service shows that 19.25 per cent. only of this sum is paid for maintenance.

The very large item put down for Indian maintenance must be left for those who understand the question. British Columbia has to pay the money, but the British North America act, 1867, decides we can have no voice in the matter.

The item for customs salaries may be set down as the last straw on the camel's back. The Dominion sends her officers to make us pay for her special use at least 33 1-3 per cent. on nearly everything we eat, drink and wear, and then with noble generosity charges us with the salaries of the officers.

The item postoffice service shows that there are a good many screws loose somewhere. I shall have something to say on this subject in another article.

There is a silver lining to every cloud. British Columbians, rejoice and be thankful. The Dominion returns us in subsidies 11.23 per cent (that is if there is not included in the subsidies a few small Dominion items) that our very own Heaven-directed administration may have a finger in the pie.

The foregoing sets forth just a little of what British Columbia has to pay for federation. The account is very far from being complete. I will endeavor to produce a little more evidence in another article. I will bring forward a few of the principal items:

We import agricultural products to the value of	$2,483,560 00
Pay the Dominion for duties, etc	2,067,508 30
Chinese and Japs at least	1,500,000 00
Goods at least equal to duties	2,067,508 00
Total	$8,118,551 00

We should allow for fire and life insurance, interest on mortgages, machinery, hardware, clothes, and just a little whiskey.

There is a time in the affairs of countries, like in man, when it becomes the duty of the people to say "stop." We will no longer submit quietly to be robbed; no longer allow the bread to be taken out of our children's mouths, that a lot of political toodlers may revel in luxury. We have foolishly allowed you to strip us and estrange us from our friends and fatherland with your outrageous protective tariff. The men who framed and passed the British North America act, 1867, never for a moment intended that the sub-section clauses should be construed to authorize extortion, bribery and corruption. When a law becomes unworkable the pepole in their inherent right can demand its appeal and refuse to recognize its authority. But we have now that escape valve, the ballot box, which our intelligent people will resort to. Federation, when it ceases to be equally beneficial, should be dissolved.

H. J. ROBERTSON,
Moresby Island, Nov. 11th, 1893.

At Close Quarters With a Lion.

With a loud roar the lion answered the shot, and I instantly became aware that he was coming right straight at me, with open mouth and flaming eyes, growling savagely.

I knew it was hopeless to try and get another cartridge into my single-barrelled rifle, and utterly useless to try to mount, more especially as my horse, startled by the loud hoarse grunts and sudden and disagreeable appearance of the charging lion, backed so vigorously that the bridle (to a running ring on which a strong thong was attached, the other end being fastened to my belt) came over his head.

I had a strong feeling that I was about to have an opportunity of testing the accuracy of Dr. Livingstone's incredible statement that for certain reasons (explained by the doctor) a lion's bite gives no pain, but there was no time to think of anything in particular. The whole adventure was the affair of a moment.

I just brought my rifle round in front of me, holding the small of the stock in my right hand and the barrel in my left, with a vague idea of getting it in the lion's mouth, and at the same time yelled as hard as I could, "Loos de honden, loos de honden," which, being translated, means, "Let loose the dogs." In an instant, as I say, the lion was close up to me.

I had never moved my feet since firing, and whether it was my standing still facing him that made him alter his mind, or whether he heard the noise made by my people, I cannot take upon myself to say; but he came straight on to within about six yards of me, looking, I must say, most unpleasant, and then suddenly swerved off, and passing me, galloped away.—F. C. Selous.

The Grand Old Man.

The Daily Chronicle the other day gave this sketch of the Premier: I must say I never felt so closely drawn to Mr. Gladstone's intellectual qualities as to his manifestation of two mighty human powers—the force of will and the force of sympathy. In no other modern statesmen are these two combined as in the wonderful chemical mixture of Mr. Gladstone's personality. Mr. Chamberlain has will, but as a moral force he counts for nothing. Mr. Balfour's mind is polished to such a degree that the deeper human sympathies are constantly glancing on its surface. But the Premier is, with all his faults, the one man in political life whose whole nature is aglow with a certain sacred fire that transfuses the man and his work, and in which the poorer elements are always tending to disappear. It is this moral elevation which largely produces and explains the artistic beauty of his speeches, the perfect charm to eye and ear which the presence of the old man invariably conveys. You hear the deep, throbbing voice coming out from the great expanse of chest. You see a lightly poised and most graceful figure, a face lit up by many kinds of gracious human emotions. You watch the body moving in perfect accord to the mind and fancy of the speaker. The uplifted hands, the gentle sway of the body, the whole sense of passionate yet well-proportioned effort, these are the outward and visible signs of the grace within. So Mr. Gladstone's expression and style are superior to those of any other orator. Mr. Balfour's method suggests langnor, a thin, rather artificial view of life. Mr. Chamberlain, with his one, curt, choppy movement of the hand, his face sharp and filed down to a narrowness that excludes all beauty of expression, lacks the grand air that marks the grand man. Mr. Gladstone is an old-fashioned politician: True; but he is of the stuff of which all great men are made, the stuff from which we shall have to look for a leader of the new creed as of the old."

One of the Smallest Books.

The New Testament is one of the smallest of books. One can read it through in a few hours. But it has made a greater stir in the world than any other book. It has contributed more to the improvement of society and the advancement of civilization and the comfort of the afflicted and the happiness of individuals than all other books in the world. It is one of the oldest books extant, and yet it is the freshest of all books. It is read by more people and with a keener relish than any modern production. It has been assailed more bitterly and violently than any other book, many of its enemies declaring and believing that they had killed its influence forever, and yet no other book shows such unmistakable signs of life as it does to-day. The most potent factor in modern civilization and thought is this little book. No book has been studied and commented on half so much as the New Testament, and yet no intelligent man is so foolish as to claim that he has thoroughly mastered its wonderful lessons. The limits of the treasures of wisdom stored up between its lids are past finding out. It was written by men who, with one or two exceptions, had no opportunities of culture, and it contains a system of human redemption and improvement promulgated by One whose earthly origin was obscure, and whose educational advantages were limited, and yet it is the study, the marvel and the admiration of the most intelligent cultivated men of this most enlightened age. —Christian Advocate.

A One-Legged Athlete.

Although he has but one leg, E. E. Moore, a member of the Young Men's Christian Association of Macomb, Ill., is possessed of considerable athletic ability. He can rise to a height of eight feet in a pole vault, and in the running high jump is able to clear the bar at a height of 5 feet 3 inches, something that many athletes with the full use of both their limbs are quite unable to do. These two events are Moore's specialties. In making the jump he hops about 30 feet, making a straight jump, rises close to the string and lands on his foot very gracefully. He seldom falls. In the pole vault he obtains the necessary force for the most part in the spring and in the use of his arms, depending little on the run.

Moore is 18 years old and weighs about 130 pounds. He lost his right leg just below the knee when he was eight years old. A railroad accident was the cause. Moore has always been interested in athletic sports, but did practically nothing himself until 18 months ago, when he began to train for a field day which the Macomb association were going to hold. He had received no special training on account of his physical condition. His unharmed leg measures three inches more around the thigh than the same leg of a young man of the same weight and similar build, and is about twice as strong as the leg of a young man who is capable of doing the same feats with his two legs. His leg is described as a bundle of knotted muscles and cords. Moore is a potter by trade. He expects to find time to better his records.

Transformed Into a Painter.

Sir John Sinclair happening one day to dine in company with Wilkie, the painter, that distinguished artist was asked, in the course of conversation, if any particular circumstances had led him to adopt his profession. Sir John inquired, "Had your father, mother, or any of your relations a turn for painting? or what led you to follow that art?" To which Wilkie replied, "Truth is, Sir John, that you made me a painter." "How, I!" exclaimed the baronet, "I never had the pleasure of meeting you before." Wilkie then gave the following explanation: "When you were drawing up the statistical account of Scotland, my father, who was a clergyman in Fife, had much correspondence with you respecting his parish, in the course of which you sent him a colored drawing of a soldier, in the uniform of your Highland Fencible regiment. I was so delighted with the sight that I was constantly drawing copies of it, and thus insensibly was transformed into a painter."

Fortunes in a Teacup.

If you have two spoons in your cup it is a sign that you will figure prominently in a wedding before the year is out.

If cream or milk is put in your cup before the sugar it will cross your love.

A tea stalk floating on top of the tea is called a stranger. When this happens to unmarried women they should stir the tea quickly and then place the spoon in the centre of the cup, holding it quite still.

If the stranger in its gyrations is attracted to the spoon he will come that evening; should it, however, cling to the sides he will not come at all.

We may observe that it really depends on the state of the atmosphere as to whether the stalk goes to the middle or not.

It is a sign of fair weather if the cluster of air bubbles which usually rise after the sugar has been put in collect themselves and remain in the centre of the cup. If, on the contrary, they struggle to the sides, it is a sign that it will certainly rain in a few hours.

This cluster of bubbles is also called a kiss, and portends that the owner of the cup will be so saluted in the course of the day.

A cluster of tea leaves with a few stragglers at the front at the bottom of the cup signifies a hearse or a funeral, while a couple of leaves at the bottom, if close together, signify a wedding.

If the tea grounds take the form of a woman on the side of the cup it signifies a rival in love; if it looks like a bird, it means news from a distant friend; if it looks like a book, it refers to a well-known acquaintance who is at college; if it looks like a tree, it means soon taking a journey into the country; if two stalks come together, it means that you are to meet a man; if it looks like a snake it is an enemy.

If it is a dog you will meet or hear from a friend; if it looks like a house or a shed, it means that when married you will keep house for yourself and not board; if it looks like a spire, it means that you will be married in a church; if it looks like a duck or a swan, it means that you will cross the ocean; if it looks like a bridge, it is an unquestioned sign that your marriage will be happy and your life long and strong.

If it looks like a man fishing with a rod, it points to a preacher who may either officiate at your marriage or become your husband; if it looks like a man with many spots lying before him, it means that your husband will be rich, and may be a banker; if a broken bridge turns up on the side of the cup it means that your marriage will be unhappy.

If there are undulations on the side of the cup, some faint and some heavier, it means a checkered life or a career of struggle, sometimes light and sometimes severe.—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

Positive economy, peculiar merit and wonderful medicinal power are all combined in Hood's Sarsaparilla. Try it. Hood's cures.

It is not Sawdust

We use in making **INDURATED FIBRE WARE**. Some people think it is, but they are mistaken. We use nothing but the longest and strongest Wood Fibre, pressed into shape without seam or joint of any kind, and indurate it by a patent process which renders it impervious to heat, cold and liquids. **INDURATED FIBRE WARE** imparts no taste or smell to its contents, and is the lightest, tightest, sweetest and most durable ware ever made.

Ask for EDDY'S

C. E. PERRY, Mem. Inst. C.E., P.L.S. M. S. DAVYS, M.E. H. GRAY, C.E., P.L.S.

PERRY, GRAY & DAVYS

CIVIL AND MINING ENGINEERS

Provincial Land Surveyors, Real Estate & Mining Brokers

Railway Reconnaissance and Location Contracts taken. Estimates Prepared. Prospecting Outfits Organized. Mines Reported on and Assays Furnished.

In connection with our Engineering and Surveying Department we are opening up an office at Nelson, in the now famous Kootenay District, for the purpose of handling Real Estate and Mining in all its branches. Our partner Mr. M. S. Davys having resided in the Kootenay country for the past five years, and successfully developed valuable mining properties there, has also been able to furnish reliable information as to location and values of properties.

OFFICES

VICTORIA Room 4, Spencer's Arcade Government Street. NELSON, B.C.

RAILWAYS.

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE NO 19.

To Take Effect at 8.00 a.m. on Thursday October 12th, 1893.

Trains run on Pacific Standard Time.

STATIONS.	No. 1 Passenger Daily.	No. 3 Passenger Saturdays.	Miles from Victoria.	No. 4 Passenger Saturdays.	No. 2 Passenger Saturdays.	Miles from Wellington.
	SOUTH BOUND. READ UP.			NORTH BOUND. READ DOWN.		
VICTORIA	Lv 8 30 a m	2 00 p m	0	Ar 10 30 a m	6 00 p m	78
SOOKE BELLS	9 30	3 00	14	9 30	5 00	64
ESQUIMALT	9 40	3 10	16	9 20	4 50	62
COLWOOD	9 50	3 20	18	9 10	4 40	60
GOLDSTREAM	9 55	3 25	19	9 05	4 35	59
LAKE SAVANA	10 00	3 30	21	9 00	4 30	57
COBBLE HILL	10 10	3 40	25	8 50	4 20	53
MERRIDALE	10 15	3 45	27	8 45	4 15	51
DUNCANS	10 27	3 57	32	8 33	4 03	46
KOKSILAH	10 35	4 05	35	8 25	3 55	43
DESMONDS	10 40	4 10	37	8 20	3 50	41
COBBLE HILL	10 50	4 20	41	8 10	3 40	37
SHAWNIGAN LAKE	11 00	4 30	45	8 00	3 30	33
CHEMAINUS	11 45	5 15	58	7 15	2 45	20
NANAIMO	Ar 12 15 p m	5 45	68	Lv 6 45	2 15	0
NANAIMO	Lv 1 45 p m			Ar 5 30 a m		
WELLINGTON	Ar 1 50 p m			Lv 5 25 a m		

On Saturdays and Sundays

Return Tickets will be issued between all points for a fare and a quarter, good for return not later than Monday.

Return Tickets for one and a half ordinary fare may be purchased daily to all points, good for seven days, including day of issue.

No Return Tickets issued for a fare and a quarter where the single fare is twenty-five cents.

Through rates between Victoria and Comox.

Mileage and Commutation Tickets can be obtained on application to the Ticket Agent, Victoria Station.

A. DUNSMUIR, President. JOSEPH HUNTER, Gen'l Supt.
H. E. PRIOR, Gen. Freight and Passenger Agent.

CANADIAN PACIFIC NAVIGATION CO., (LIMITED).

TIME TABLE NO. 22,

Taking effect November 1st, 1893.

Vancouver Route.

Victoria to Vancouver daily, except Monday at 8 o'clock a.m.

Vancouver to Victoria daily, except Monday at 13:15 o'clock, or on arrival of C. P. R. No. 1 train.

New Westminster Route.

Leave Victoria for New Westminster, Ladner's Landing and Lulu Island, Sunday at 23 o'clock, Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock. (Sunday's steamer to New Westminster connects with C.P.R. train No. 2 going East Monday.)

For Plumper Pass Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock.

For Pender and Moresby Islands and Sidney Friday at 7 o'clock.

Leave New Westminster for Victoria, Monday at 13 o'clock; Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.

For Plumper Pass Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.

For Pender Island and Sidney Thursday at 7 o'clock.

Northern Route.

Steamships of this Co. will leave for Pt. Simpson and intermediate ports the 1st and 15th of each month at 18 o'clock. When sufficient inducements offer will extend trips to West Coast points and Queen Charlotte Islands.

Barclay Sound Route.

Steamer Maude leaves Victoria for Alberni and Sound ports on the 1st and 15th of each month.

The Company reserves the right of changing this time table at any time without notification.

JOHN IRVING, Manager.
G. A. CARLETON, General Agent.

PACIFIC COAST S. S. CO'Y

Dispatch a steamer

Every 5 days for San Francisco

Carrying Her Majesty's Mails

FROM OUTER WHARF AT 12 A.M.

Queen . . . Nov. 29

R. P. RITHET & CO., Agents.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RY.

Cheapest Rates

To all Eastern Points

UPHOLSTERED TOURIST CARS

Daily to St. Paul, Wednesdays to Boston, Saturdays to Toronto.

THROUGH PULLMAN CARS

To St. Paul and Montreal Daily without change.

LUXURIOUS DINING CARS

On all Trains

STEAMSHIP DEPARTMENT.

S.S. Empress of Japan sails for the Orient Nov. 13.

S.S. Warrimoo arrives from Australia Nov. 9

Agent for all Atlantic Steamship Companies.

GEO. L. COURTENAY, General Agent.

— THE —

Northern Pacific RAILROAD

Is the line to take

TO ALL POINTS EAST AND SOUTH.

It is the Dining Car Route.

It runs Two Through Vestibuled Trains

Every day in the year to St. Paul and Chicago (change of cars) composed of

DINING CARS, unsurpassed,

PULLMAN DRAWING ROOM SLEEPERS of latest equipment,

TOURIST SLEEPING CARS, built and constructed, and in which accommodations are free to holders of First or Second-class tickets, and

ELEGANT DAY COACHES.

A Continuous Line connecting with all lines for all points direct and uninterrupted service.

Pullman Sleeper reservation can be secured in advance through any agent of the road.

THROUGH TICKETS

To and from all points in America, Asia and Europe, can be purchased at any ticket office of the Company.

Full information concerning rates, time of trains, routes and other details furnished on application to any agent.

Puget Sound and Alaska Division.

SPEED 18 knots	Victoria Route. S.S. "City of Kingston."				TONNAGE 1117
8 00 am	Lv	M1	"Tacoma"	110 Ar	4 15 am
10 15 am	Lv	28	"Seattle"	99 Lv	2 00 pm
1 30 pm	Lv	33	Pt. Townsend	36 Lv	11 45 am
4 30 pm	Ar	110	Victoria	M1 Lv	8 30 am

Port Townsend Mail Route.

	Lv	M1		A	
11 00 pm	Lv	28	"Seattle"	88 Ar	6 pm
12 30 am	Lv	30	Port Madison	47 Lv	2 15 pm
	Lv	45	Kingston	41 Lv	
3 00 am	Lv	49	Port Gamble	21 Lv	11 00 am
4 00 am	Lv	72	Port Ludlow	13 Lv	10 00 am
6 00 am	Ar	86	Pt. Townsend	M1 Lv	8 00 am

Steamer City of Kingston makes connection at Tacoma with Northern Pacific trains to and from points east and south.

* Daily except Sunday.
† Daily except Monday.
‡ Daily except Monday.

E. E. BLACKWOOD
Freight and Passenger Agent, Victoria, B. C.

A. D. CHARLTON,
Asst. Gen. Pass. Agent.
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ALL POINTS IN CALIFORNIA.

Via the Mt Shasta Route of the

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The Great Highway through California to all points East and South.

Grand Scenic Route of the Pacific Coast

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Attached to Express Trains, affording superior accommodations for Second-Class Passengers.

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E. P. ROGERS, Asst. Gen. Pgr. and Pass. Agt.

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY.

STEAMER JOAN

J. E. BUTLER, Master.

On and after March 22nd, 1893,

Steamer JOAN will sail as follows:

Calling at Way Ports as freight and Passengers may offer:

Leave Victoria.....Tuesday, 7 a.m.
" Nanaimo for Comox.....Wednesday, 7 a.m.
Returning same day.
" Comox for Nanaimo.....Friday, 7 a.m.
" Nanaimo for Victoria.....Saturday, 7 a.m.

Trips to Valdez Island are discontinued.

For freight or staterooms apply on board, or at the Company's ticket office, Victoria.

The Oceanic Steamship Company

Carrying United States, Hawaiian and Colonial Mails, will leave the Company's wharf, foot of Folsom Street,

FOR HONOLULU

S.S. AUSTRALIA (2,900 tons) Saturday, November 25, 1893, 2 p.m.

For Honolulu, Auckland & Sydney without change

The Splendid New 3,000 ton Steel Screw Steamer Alameda.....Thursday, 14th Dec., at 2 p.m.

Or immediately on arrival of the English mails

For freight or passage apply at office, 327 Market street, San Francisco.

J. D. SPRECKELS & BROS. CO., General Agents.

Great Northern Railway

Passengers for Chicago Can Take Sleeping Car at Seattle Through Without Change.

Passengers leave Victoria daily at 8:30 p. m. for Spokane, St. Paul, Minneapolis, Duluth, Winnipeg, Milwaukee, St. Louis and the east.

Running buffet cars with bath room, barber shop, easy chairs, observation windows, library, writing and card tables, smoking rooms, etc., first and second-class coaches. Family tourist cars and free Colonist sleepers alternate each day.

Direct connections made at Wenatchee with steamers to and from Lake Chelan and the Okanagan country. At Bonner's Ferry with steamers from Kasloo, Ainsworth, Nelson, and other points in the Kootenay mining district. At Jennings with steamer for Fort Steele. At Shelby Junction and Havre for Great Falls, Helena and Butte.

Crosses the Cascade and Rocky Mountains in daylight. Finest scenery in America and a fine tree from dust.

For information, or publications, apply to

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F. I. WHITNEY, G. P. & T. A., St. Paul, Minn.

Overcoats | NEAT NOBBY STYLISH | MACINTOSHES AND MELISSA COATS Latest Styles. Lowest Prices. | Winter Suits | SINGLE BREASTED DOUBLE BREASTED SQUARE CUT, ETC. | B. WILLIAMS & CO. 97 Johnson St.

CIVIC AFFAIRS DISCUSSED

Several Citizens Register their Grievances at a Meeting.

THE MAYOR AND ALDERMEN EXPLAIN.

The Rate of Taxation in Victoria Far Below the Rate That Prevails in the Other Cities of the Province—No Floating Debt.

There was not a large attendance at the meeting held in the board of trade rooms on Wednesday evening, but the meeting was representative. Senator Macdonald was elected chairman. He thanked those present for the honor, and called on H. D. Helmcken to explain the object of the meeting.

Mr. Helmcken said he had been requested to call the meeting to discuss civic affairs. It was necessary to have a change in the aldermanic representation of the city. Men should be elected for aldermen who have the interests of the city at heart and who have no particular cliques to serve. No programme had been prepared, but it was thought that the meeting might choose a ticket that would receive the unanimous support of the citizens.

Hon. A. N. Richards started the discussion, as no one else seemed disposed to do so. The trouble seemed to be that the city did not have sufficient funds. After the interest on the debt and other expenses were paid there was nothing left for public improvements. The debt had to be paid and the other expenses were necessary. The cities should agitate for the personal property tax that is now collected by the government. If that was received by the city it could be used for public improvements. The law which provides that a majority vote is necessary to borrow money should be amended. As the law is those interested in passing a loan by-law for creating a debt can obtain the necessary vote, while those who are opposed are indifferent and do not come out.

B. W. Pearse thought it would be a good idea to ask the government to allow the city to collect the personal property tax. He knew the mayor was a conscientious, good man, and he did a good deal to straighten out the affairs of the city a few years ago. It was very necessary to have a good police force. His orchard had been cleaned out, and even hay had been stolen from his ground. He advocated the appointment of commissioners to carry on the affairs of the city. There was no doubt the electric lighting system would have to be improved, and something should be done with the water works. The speaker went back several years, and spoke of the waste of money on the Johnson street sewer. Then another council had come in and built another system of sewerage, which was as yet of little use. The present council had introduced still another system, which was called surface drainage, but which in fact was a sewerage system. The expenses at the city hall, he thought, might be cut down.

James Angus said there were funds before the noses of the citizens. In England the property owners directly benefited paid for the improvements made. The property which had been improved by the sewers should be assessed for the benefit it derived. The system could then be extended by the same means. If the people would not do the work the city should do it and collect from the owners of the land.

Alexander Wilson thought the meeting looked something like a hole-in-the-corner affair. Some were present by invitation and some were not. The meeting had been called for a purpose, but the promoters did not seem to care to explain that purpose. Perhaps some one would explain it for them. He could remember all the mayors that had been elected, and every one had been found fault with. The last few councils had had very little money to spend. Some one had suggested that the city could be saved by the appointment of commissioners. He could name the commissioners who would be appointed, and the city would be worse off than it is now. If we are fossils now we would be worse then. Who was it that adopted the present sewerage system? It was the ratepayers. They had passed all the loan by-laws. If they were wrong it was the fault of the ratepayers. Many of the worst grumblers never took the trouble to vote for or against the loans. There was a great deal of grumbling about running sewers into the harbor. Why should not the residents along the Arm be restrained from running their sewage into that waterway? Some one had spoken about the way Manchester carried on its civic affairs. What a comparison that was! Manchester was one of the wealthiest cities in England. The latest improvement system had been tried here, and the people were up in arms against it. Never until Mr. Beaven had been in the mayor's chair had the citizens known how the city's finances stood. Mr. Beaven was not a "jolly good fellow." He did not pat every one on the back and say, "Come in and have a drink?" The kind of "jolly good fellow" that he liked was the man who paid what he owed and looked after the people's interests. If McGreevy and Connolly had been that kind of men they would not be in a county jail to-day. Some time ago three aldermen had been unseated, but the ratepayers had re-elected two of them. Now about taxes. The insurance companies were agitating for the remittance of their taxes, which at present kept up the fire department which protected the insurance companies. He suggested that five lawyers and four doctors should be elected this year.

Hon. A. N. Richards did not think that license payers, who did not care how high taxes were, should be allowed to vote.

Ald. Bolyea said some peculiar things had been said this evening. The sewers have been in use for nine months, and they are in good order. He wished the whole city had the same kind of sewers. He did not wonder that earlier councils got on all right. They left beautiful streets and institutions for the present generation. If many things had been looked after years ago the city would be in a better position to-day. What Victoria wanted was a special charter. At present there was too much red tape and there are too many details. The city had been practically drifting for the last year. The city could not be improved without funds. The taxes would either have to be increased or money would have to be borrowed. A loan by-law had been introduced to complete the sewers, but the ratepayers said no. Then he had endeavored to have it done by the local improvement system, but to that the council had said no. The present sewers were good; all that was wanted was connections. The ratepayers should decide upon a platform and tell the aldermen just what improvements they wanted and what they would support them in. If this was not done there would be more grumbling next year.

Mayor Beaven went back to the royal commission, when it was brought out that the city had a large floating indebtedness, which during the last two years had been completely wiped out, and the city was in a better position financially than it had been for many years. The time had come when the city's finances should be augmented by the personal property tax now collected by the province. The debenture indebtedness, of course, could not be increased without the sanction of the ratepayers, but it was less than the debenture debt of many younger cities of the province. He did not think there was any other city in the province that had not a floating debt. He admitted the assessment of property was higher than it should be, but the assessment was reduced by a million dollars. He thought it a mistake to ask the citizens to allow the council to borrow $700,000 for sewers. A smaller sum should be asked for. The year had been one of financial depression, and the council had done the best they could do to decrease the taxes. It was the intention of the council to increase the electric light system out of their revenue, the ratepayers having refused to allow the council to borrow money for that purpose. A great deal had been done quietly this year to increase the water works system. The Eastern part of the city had been supplied from the Cook street main, the funds being supplied from the general revenue of the city. Flush tanks for the sewers had been constructed and other work done out of the general revenue. The rate of taxation in Victoria this year was less than in the other cities of the province, and he was going to say less than in any city on the coast. The regular and special rate in Victoria did not amount to as much as it did in Vancouver and Westminster. In Victoria the rate was about fifteen mills, while in Vancouver and Westminster it was 20 mills.

Dr. Milne thought resolutions should be passed and candidates asked if they would support the ideas contained in the resolutions. He was glad to hear the sewerage system was not a failure. There should be commissioners to manage the sewers, but the apointment of commissioners to manage the city would be a blow at the municipal system. The government, he thought, should shoulder the municipal bill, and not allow everybody to bring in amendments that would suit certain municipalities. The meeting should put their views on record.

Chas. E. Redfern was of opinion that the present condition of the council was caused by the apathy of the ratepayers. He hoped men well able to look after civic affairs could be induced to come out as candidates. He was an ardent advocate of the separate system of sewerage, and he was glad it was successful. If a provision had been made in the $700,000 loan by-law to vest the money in commissioners he thought the by-law would have been adopted by the ratepayers. There was a defect in the local improvement by-law. Certainly every one in the city would be benefited if Government street was paved. Of course the residents in the immediate vicinity would benefit more than others, and they should pay the largest share of the cost, but the other portions of the city should also contribute. Other improvements could be made in the same way. He thought the James Bay bridge should be done away with, a proper water rate levied and the government asked to give the city the personal property tax. He was in favor of property being assessed at its full value and a low rate levied.

Senator Macdonald thought the object of the meeting had been lost sight of. The question was: Is the meeting satisfied with the present administration and would the meeting choose candidates?

Dr. Milne moved that a committee be appointed to formulate resolutions conveying the views of the meeting, to be presented at a future meeting.

Ald. Munn did not think much time should be devoted to choosing candidates. The trouble was that the system was wrong. The city had powers from the legislature which might be decreased or increased. The council has to raise a revenue, part of which is spent by the legislature and another part of which is spent by the school trustees. The system of electing a council should also be changed. How would a bank get along if the directors were changed every year? The system in vogue in England, where the representatives are promoted from the council to the executive and then to the mayor's chair, is the proper one. Then good men would be obtained for the positions.

Dr. Milne's motion was adopted and the following committee was appointed: Dr. Milne, H. D. Helmcken, Alexander Wilson, Joshua Davies, C. E. Redfern, B. W. Pearse and T. S. Hall.

The thanks of the meeting were tendered the chairman and the gathering adjourned.

Eseljay's Liver Lozenges are not bringing the dead to life or performing unheard of miracles, but they are bringing health and sunshine to many a home previously clouded with troubles resulting from biliousness and torpid liver. 25cts a box at all drug stores.

How to Get a "Sunlight" Picture.

Send 25 "Sunlight" soap wrappers (wrapper bearing the words "Why does a Woman Look Old Sooner Than a Man?") to Lever Brothers, Limited, 43 Scott street, Toronto, Ont., and you will receive by post a pretty picture, free from advertising and well worth framing. This is an easy way to decorate your home. The soap is the best in the market, and will only cost 1c postage to send in the wrappers, if you leave the ends open. Write your address carefully.

Stocks and Bonds.

New York, Nov. 23.—Money on call has been easy, ranging from 1 to 1 1-2, the last loan being at 1 1-2; at closing it was offered at 1 1-2. The stock market presented little of interest to-day. General electric was heavy throughout, and declined from 37 to 33 5-8, all the unfavorable stories about the property which have been published from time to time being against putting it in service. The general market was strong in the early trading, and prices moved up about a point all round. New England and Distillery led the list at this time, and New England was in demand on the revision of the report about a New York terminus. Regarding Distillers', there were rumors that the concern was starting up its idle distilleries. The strength of the market was of short duration, and when General Electric dropped below 3-4 the whole market began to sag. Sugar suffered the greatest loss, falling 13 1-2 to 94 1-4; Distillers' declined to 30 3-8; St. Paul & Omaha to 37 1-4; Western Union, 3-8 to 88 7-8; Chicago Gas, to 63 1-4; Burlington & Quincy, 80 1-2; St. Paul, 7-8 to 64 3-8; Delaware & Hudson, 1 to 136 1-2, Manhattan leading. The transactions were light, amounting to only 219,315 shares. Closing bids: Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe, 19 1-2; Burlington & Quincy, 80 5-8; Canada Southern, 5; Canadian Pacific, 73; Central Pacific, 18 1-2; Chicago, Columbus, Cincinnati & St. Louis, 35 1-2; Delaware & Lackawanna, 166; Erie, 14 1-4; Wells-Fargo Express, 121; Great Northern preferred, 108; Lake Shore, 17 5-8; Louisville & Nashville, 48 1-2; Missouri Pacific, 25 1-2; New York Central, 102 1-4; New England, 30 3-4; North American, 47 1-8; Northern Pacific, 6 5-8; Northern Pacific preferred, 22 3-8; Northwestern, 106 1-4; Oregon Navigation, 27; Oregon Improvement, 12; Pacific Mail, 16 1-2; Reading, 20 1-2; Rock Island, 68 5-8; Southern Pacific, 18 3-4; St. Paul, 64 3-8; Texas Pacific, 7 5-8; Union Pacific, 19; Western Union, 88 3-4; Bonds—Union Pacific firsts of 1896, 103 3-8; Central Pacific firsts of 1895, 103 bid. Bar silver, 69 7-8c.

Another Canadian Success at the World's Fair.

Dairy and farm produce are not the only lines of goods in which Canadians have scored a marked success at the World's Fair. The Williams Manufacturing Company, Limited, of Montreal, manufacturers of the celebrated New Williams sewing machines, have been awarded a medal and three diplomas on their machines for family use and light manufacturing purposes—special reference being made to their improvements in the art and the general excellence of their finish. This affords another proof that Canadian manufactures, in some lines at least, keep in the very vanguard of progress and are forcing a recognition of their merits even in competition with the best goods of their class that the world can produce.

World's Fair Photographed.

Of all the mementos of the World's Fair, which will be prized in future years in thousands of homes, the best is the "Shepp's World's Fair Photographed." The volume is a triumph of the printing art, the photogravure illustrations being equal to the original photographs. Almost every building in the White City is illustrated separately, while the most striking interior displays, the foreign villages, and the strange scenes from strange countries, are faithfully reproduced. Next to seeing the fair, the greatest pleasure can be derived from a perusal of this artistic volume. The letter press accompanying each view is apparently accurate, and makes the book instructive and entertaining. The Globe Bible Publishing Co., of Philadelphia, the publishers, will send the book to any address on receipt of the price, $5 or $6.

"Only the Scars Remain,"

Says HENRY HUDSON, of the James Smith Woolen Machinery Co., Philadelphia, Pa., who certifies as follows:

"Among the many testimonials which I see in regard to certain medicines performing cures, cleansing the blood, etc., none impress me more than my own case. Twenty years ago, at the age of 18 years, I had swellings come on my legs, which broke and became running sores. Our family physician could do me no good, and it was feared that the bones would be affected. At last, my good old

Mother Urged Me

to try Ayer's Sarsaparilla. I took three bottles, the sores healed, and I have not been troubled since. Only the scars remain, and the memory of the past, to remind me of the good Ayer's Sarsaparilla has done me. I now weigh two hundred and twenty pounds, and am in the best of health. I have been on the road for the past twelve years, have noticed Ayer's Sarsaparilla advertised in all parts of the United States, and always take pleasure in telling what good it did for me."

Ayer's Sarsaparilla

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Cures others, will cure you

—THE WEEKLY TIMES—
—THE BEST ADVERTISING MEDIUM—
—THE WEEKLY TIMES—
—THE BEST ADVERTISING MEDIUM—

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The New Vancouver Coal Mining & Land Co., Ltd.

(FORMERLY THE VANCOUVER COAL CO.)

ARE THE LARGEST COAL PRODUCERS ON THE PACIFIC COAST.

THE NANAIMO COAL (Used Principally for Gas and Domestic Purposes.) | THE SOUTH FIELD COAL (Steam Fuel.)

THE NEW WELLINGTON COAL

House and Steam Coal, are mined by this Company only.

The "NANAIMO" COAL gives a large percentage of Gas, high Illuminating power unequalled by any other bituminous Gas Coal in the world, and a superior quality of Coke.

The "SOUTH FIELD" COAL is now used by all the leading Steamship Lines on the Pacific.

The "NEW WELLINGTON" COAL, which was introduced early in the present year, has already become a favorite, especially for domestic purposes. It is a clean, hard coal; makes a bright and cheerful fire, and its lasting qualities make it the most economical fuel in the market.

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MADELINE MERLI.

Plays "The Story of a Kiss" to a Slim Audience.

Madeline Merli and her support played the realistic drama "The Story of a Kiss" to a small audience at the Victoria opera house last night. The drama is an adaptation from the French "Therese Raquin," a production of the sensational French novelist, Emile Zola. In the English adaptation the names are changed and the Frenchy parts are considerably pruned. Pauline, a young woman adopted by Madame Rousseau, marries Gaston, the invalid son of her benefactress. Pauline had attended Gaston from childhood, and together they grew up to maturity. The girl has always pitied her invalid companion and playmate, and out of pity marries him. Maurice, a friend of Gaston's, visits the house. He is enamored of Pauline and steals a kiss. She finds herself drawn to him. She loves, not her husband, but Maurice. The two lovers plot a boating party. The boat accidentally capsizes. Maurice nobly saves Pauline; Gaston is drowned. The guilty lovers are married, but the face of the dead haunts them; their love turns to hate. They accuse one another of the crime and Mme. Rousseau, unheard, enters the room during the quarrel. She sees Maurice with the picture of Gaston in his hands and hears him say: "He looks just as he did when we threw him into the Seine." With a shriek the aged mother falls to the ground paralyzed. She cannot speak, but tries to indicate with signs her inward emotions. She tries to trace the characters on the table to tell that her son has been murdered, but her fingers fail her. The hate between Pauline and Maurice grows more intense, and, in the presence of the aged mother they curse each other for the murder. The mother momentarily recovers her power of speech. They fear she will denounce them. A knife in the hand of Maurice stills forever the heart beats of his mistress and he ends his own existence with poison.

The story, as might be expected, contains thrilling climaxes. The first act drags somewhat, but interest is worked to fever heat in the end of the second act, when the guilty lovers see the spectre. Madaline Merli, in the role of Pauline here exhibits ability, but it is not the ability that one would expect of a person in the leading role. She lacks fire and spirit, and although she exhibits emotion it appears not to be natural. R. E. Cummings, the leading man, plays the part of the lover, Maurice. He throws more spirit into the interpretation of this intensely exciting scene than Mlle. Merli. But what credit he gained he lost in the climax in the final act. The curtain fell, and he was not greeted with applause, but with laughter and hisses. The hisses may not have been excusable, but one could hardly refrain from laughing at the altogether unnatural manner of dying. Maurice has hardly put the fatal phial to his lips before he falls like one struck by a thunderbolt, without a struggle or as much as a good groan. That poison should act so quickly upon the human system before reaching the stomach is not borne out by facts. Henry L. Keane as Gaston made a fairly good invalid. May Niblo Drew played Madame Rousseau well. The scene where, as a paralytic, she endeavors to repossess herself of her senses to denounce the murderers of her child was given in a very realistic manner. Giret and Mirabeau were two old men contending for the affection of Susanne.

The programme concluded with the one-act comedy, "The New Professor," said to be an adaptation from the German. The plot is on the line of the "Private Secretary," and a portion of the dialogue is almost an exact reproduction of lines in the play that had such a good run on the American stage. The afterpiece was laughable and put the audience into good humor again.

FOUND DEAD.

Sad End of a Nanaimoite—Painful Mining Accident.

Nanaimo, Nov. 24.—On Wednesday night the body of T. Hirst was picked up in the alley of the Wilson Hotel. Deceased had been drinking and had evidently fallen there and been unable to get up. The night being cold he died from exposure. An inquest will be held to-day and probably the evidence will throw another light on the occurrence. The deceased was one of the principal business men in the city being one of the firm of Hirst Bros.

Sergeant Gibbs arrested another man in connection with the wholesale robbery from the co-operative store. At the police station he gave his name as Harry Bradley of Victoria. On searching the shack where the prisoner lived, a box containing 70 handkerchiefs, was found, which had been stolen from Spencer's store besides other articles from the co-operative store. Bradley and Robinson will be brought before the magistrates to-day.

Thanksgiving day passed off quietly owing to the heavy snow. Not one of the events that were advertised to take place could be carried out. The Comox football team did not come down so the pleasure of witnessing the match is still in store.

John Davie had his leg broken in No. 1 shaft on Wednesday by a fall of coal. He tried to get out of the way when he fell backwards over a piece of coal and as he fell the coal gave way and falling on his legs broke them below the knee. Drs. Praeger and Sloggett set the limbs.

Officers Elected.

The general committee of the Merchants' Exchange Club met on Wednesday afternoon at 5 o'clock and elected the following officers and sub-committees: Geo. Gillespie, D. R. Ker and A. R. Milne, trustees; Thomas R. Smith president; H. Dallas Helmcken, vice-president; F. Elworthy, secretary-treasurer; finance, A. G. Goffin, F. H. Barnard and Col. Wolfenden; supply, G. Leiser, W. H. Ellis and C. E. Renouf; merchants' exchange, H. E. Connon, H. D. Helmcken and W. H. Ellis. The club will be incorporated, and as the funds received are sufficient for the furnishing, the supply committee will decide what is required and report to the general committee.

LAW INTELLIGENCE.

Mr. Justice Crease in chambers heard the following applications:

Dawson v. Bank of British North America et al.—Application of defendant to dismiss action for want of prosecution. Order made.

Mohun v. Corporation of Victoria.—On the application of plaintiff his lordship gave leave to amend the statement of claim. On the application of the defendant an order was made for the examination of the plaintiff before the registrar. The plaintiff's application that the defendant give particulars of the cause of his discharge was not gone on with.

In the supreme court, before Drake, J., without a jury, the case of Bole v. the New Westminster Southern railway came on for hearing. Messrs. Bodwell and Eckstein appeared for the plaintiff and Mr. Forin for the railway company. It is alleged that the plaintiff agreed to give the company a right of way through his property, lot 2, group 2, New Westminster district, on consideration that the terminus of the road should be on said property, and that the company had not carried out its part of the agreement. The plaintiff therefore claims possession and an injunction. The defence is that the company has lawful possession under a certain agreement and that the plaintiff acquiesced in and ratified the construction of the road through his property. Evidence on behalf of the company was given by Mr. James, the engineer in charge, Mr. Corbould, the solicitor, Mr. Leamy, the sub-contractor, and Mr. Trapp, the secretary of the company, to show that Mr. Bole was a shareholder and director of the company until September 14th, 1891, and had an intimate knowledge of everything that was done by the company. As to the consideration, it was shown that each of the fourteen shareholders, among whom was Mr. Bole, had received $1,000 worth of stock to qualify them as directors, and that Nelson Bennett, the Seattle contractor, paid each $1,000 for the said stock; that Bennett paid $117,000 to be divided equally among the fourteen shareholders as payment for disbursements made by them up to the time of the transfer of the road. At 2 o'clock the court adjourned for one hour.

After recess, the court decided that acquiescence on the part of the plaintiff had been proved, that he could not therefore get a mandatory injunction against the company but that he was entitled to damages with interest from May, 1889. The amount of damages was referred to the registrar to ascertain.

At 2:30 Mr. Justice Crease heard the case of Frumento vs. Ordano, an action to recover the value of goods sold and delivered. The plaintiff and the defendant reside at McPherson's station. There being no one present on behalf of the defendant, and the plaintiff having proved his claim, judgment was entered in his favor for $129.71. Mr. Drake appeared for the plaintiff.

Marine.

The steamer Walla Walla arrived from San Francisco last evening with 68 passengers and 66 tons of freight for Victoria.

The steamship Victoria of the Northern Pacific line sailed from Yokohama on Monday last. She has 900 tons of overland freight, 250 bales of silk and 880 tons of freight for Seattle, Tacoma and Portland, and 550 tons for Victoria and San Francisco. The number of passengers aboard is not known.

The steamship Mogul sailed for China and Japan last night. She carried away the largest cargo ever taken by a steamer of the line. It was composed almost exclusively of flour, of which she had 3400 tons alone. There were also shipments of condensed milk and canned goods, and with the general freight the total was brought to nearly 3600 tons.

Success at Chicago.

The Empress of China leaves outward on December 11.

The steamer City of Kingston left from the outer wharf last night.

The following awards for British Columbia exhibits in grains at Chicago have been made public:

For wheat—W. H. Ladner, Ladner's, B. C.; Thomas Hayes, Spallumcheen, B. C.; Earl of Aberdeen, Vernon, B. C.; Earl of Aberdeen, Vernon, B. C.; Earl of Aberdeen, Vernon, B. C.; Thos. Clinton, Spallumcheen, B. C.; D. G. Cummings, Spallumcheen, B. C.; D. Matheson, Spallumcheen, B. C.; Price Ellison, Vernon, B. C.

For oats—C. Johns, Saanich; Jubilee farm, Ladner's; E. Dougherty, Ashcroft.

For barley—Price Ellson, Vernon, B. C.; Blackman & Ker, Victoria, B. C.; Price Ellson, Vernon, B. C.

Masquerade Ball.

The first masquerade ball of the season will be given by Prof. Oliver at his dancing academy, Broad street, Tuesday, Nov. 28th. Two handsome prizes will be given away. Music by the Richardson orchestra. Admission—Maskers, gentlemen 50 cents, ladies free; spectators, gentlemen 50 cents, ladies 25 cents. Costumes can be obtained at Mrs. Langley's, the Newport rooms, Yates street.

Have You a Hat?

If so, fasten this in your hat, and thereby be reminded that the Lansdowne House, 86 Yates street, is giving up the millinery department. See window for prices. Hats $1, now 10 cents. Hats fur trimmed $1.25, now 50 cents. Trimmed hats a half price.

SPORTING INTELLIGENCE.

Matters of Interest Going Forward in the Sporting World.

THE RING.

San Francisco, Cal., Nov. 24.—Joe Goddard, the American heavy-weight, is to come against Mick Dooley, the Australia pounder, at Sydney, Australia, to-night. Late advices from the colony say that the American has been training hard, and at the departure of the last mail was in fine condition. Whether victor or vanquished he will return to the United States by the first steamer to sail in December.

LOCAL BRUISERS TO FIGHT.—William Scott of Nanaimo and Jack Barnard the Englishman, are to spar 8 rounds for points at the Pastime club for a purse. They are both light-weights. Barnard has shown himself to be clever in what he has done here, and his opponent in this match comes very well recommended as a pugilist.

FOOTBALL.

RUGBY GAME.

The following team from the Victoria club will play Mr. Heath's team in a practice game at Beacon Hill to-morrow afternoon at 3: Pettigrew, back; J. F. Foulkes, A. C. Anderson and A. D. Crease, three-quarter backs; C. W. Ward and F. Smith half backs; H. F. M. Jones (captain), J. Fraser, W. H. Langley, L. Crease, Q. H. Warden, E. A. C. Gibson, F. Wollaston, D. Sullivan and G. Brimston, forwards.

BILLIARDS.

MATCH FOR $2,000.

Chicago, Nov. 24.—Ives and Schaefer have been matched to play a game of 5,000 points, cushion caroms, 60 days hence, for an aggregate stake of $2,000.

Funeral of G. Bossi.

There was a large attendance at the funeral of the late G. Bossi which took place yesterday. Services were conducted at the house and at the cemetery by the Rev. Dr. Campbell. Masonic services were also conducted at the cemetery. The chief mourners were Mr. and Mrs. Wall, and Mrs. C. Bossi and nephews and nieces of the deceased. The pallbearers were all members of the Masonic order. They were: H. W. Sheppard, John Teague, W. W. Northcott, T. R. Mitchell, J. Purdue and W. H. Groves.

Drums, Guns, Pistols, Cannons,

Daggers, swords and air rifles, kid dolls, flannel dolls, hair stuffed dolls, talking dolls, crying dolls, laughing dolls, and dolls, rocking horses, hobby horses, platform horses, wooden horses and velocipedes, doll carriages, express wagons, wheelbarrows and every description of toys and fancy goods for Xmas presents known at Russell & McDonald's, 134 Douglas street.

—A Wellington gentleman volunteers the information that the ceremony of the opening of the new bridge in that town turned out a fiasco. The editor and one or two others had it all to themselves.

Christmas Presents.

At Russell & McDonald's.

Although boys are often rather hard in their treatment of each other, they certainly always stick together when one of their party is in trouble. There are hundreds of instances of this; but a most amusing one occurred while Dr. Vaughan was headmaster at Harrow. He was returning late one evening from a dinner party when he caught sight of one of his pupils, who was taking a walk when he ought to have been in bed. The moment the boy saw Dr. Vaughan he ran for his life. Off ran the master in hot pursuit, and he just succeeded in catching his pupil by the coat tails. After a good many struggles the boy escaped, but he left one coat tail in the doctor's hands. The master made sure that he would find out the culprit next morning by his coat, but when he entered the room every boy of the sixth form had only one tail to his coat, and so the culprit escaped.

PERSONAL.

W. H. Steves, of Steveston, is in town.

C. D. Rand, of Vancouver, is in the city.

D. J. Mann, of New Westminster, is in the city.

Mrs. J. W. Moore spent yesterday in Vancouver.

M. Hamburger, of Wellington, is at the Victoria.

Alex. Mowat came over from the Mainland yesterday.

J. A. Mara, M.P., came down from Kamloops last night.

Col. E. G. Prior, M.P., returned from the east last evening.

T. J. Trapp, of New Westminster, is at the New England.

W. W. Evans, of Port Townsend, is at the New England.

L. P. Eckstein and J. A. Forin, of New Westminster, are in the city.

Col. J. B. Metcalf, wife and son, of Seattle, are registered at the Driard.

Madeline Merli and her company were registered at the New England yesterday.

J. B. J. Rickaby, of the Hudson Bay Company, went over to the Mainland yesterday.

A. Horner, of New Westminster, and S. Lowell, of Plumpers Pass, are at the Victoria.

F. C. Stevens, city ticket and passenger agent of the Great Northern Railway, Seattle, is in the city.

Capt. F. W. Gatter, the Puget Sound pilot, and F. C. Curry, the U. S. customs inspector, are at the Oriental.

G. E. Corbould, M.P., of New Westminster, Chas. Wilson, Jas. Leamy, and J. Farrell, of Vancouver, are at the Driard.

D. W. English and Miss English, who have been visiting M. M. English, of Lulu Island, leave for California to-morrow.

PASSENGERS.

Per City of Kingston from the Sound—R Sylvester, J Wilniwski, Wm McLeod, R Krefferert, R Alken, Geo Evans, P Kilby, W W Evans, F Schwartz, A H Cameron, G P Jones, J Maher, H McCandhas, C S Jones, Mrs C P Clark, Mrs Kelley, Miss M Murly, C Cummings, B Dixon, A E Keunon, H Davies, O Rossmon, F C Curry, W Morrow, J Howard, H Kane, Miss A Kent, Craigie Sharpe, Gen G B Metcalf and wife, Mrs Jervis, B Fitzsimmons, J Merriman, Miss M Drew, H Holmes.

CONSIGNEES.

Per City of Kingston from the Sound—M W Gid, C Christoldo, Jas Leight & Sons, F Carne, Jr, E E Blackwood, Lillie Bloom, A A Aaronson, J McCleury, Redon & H, Eberts & T, Yates & J, F Sturdy.

Per Str. Walla Walla from San Francisco—Albion Iron Wks, A McGregor & Son, A Gesser, Allice & Ault, Corp City of Victoria, care R B McMicking, C Morsey, D H Ross, E Escalet, E B Marvin & Co, Fell & Co, F Carne, Gas Co, Gan Fook Yuen, G A McCulloch, Hudson Bay Co, J & A Clearihue, J Braden & Son, John Barnsley & Co, Lai Wah, Louis Marbeuf, Langley & Co, L Dickinson, May Ying Lou, Mathews Richards & Tye, McKillican & Anderson, M B Sylvester, P McIrande & Son, R Baker & Son, S Leiser, Schl Hastie F Co, Spratt & Gray, T Earle, Turner Beeton & Co, The Ames Holden Co, The S F Autographic Reg Co, Valo & Brooks, W Jensen, Wilson Bros, W H Perry, Wood & Orr, Yuen Lung, Baker & Lesson, C S Philp, Chas Anderson, F R Stewart, J H Hutchinson & Co, McMillan & Hamilton, P F Emerson, Winch & Bowen, T P Sanders, W H Kenneston, Campbell & Anderson, Wells Fargo & Co.

Rubber Sheeting 75c per Yard

At Russell & McDonald's.

A Clever Lawyer's Work.

Otumwa, Iowa, Nov. 24.—In the district court yesterday during the trial of Edward Walton for murder, a young girl witness, Edna Cook, was made the subject of a fiery cross-examination by Attorney W. R. Nelson of Eddyville. The strain of six hours on the witness stand proved too much for Miss Cook, and she went violently insane. She is now in custody in this city.

THANKSGIVING THOUGHTS

Thankful I'm not a Chinaman nor a Hottentot.
Thankful I'm not President of the United States.
Thankful that I live in Victoria.
Thankful that I do my trading with Cameron.
Thankful I'm smart enough to know a bargain when I see it.
Thankful I see a bargain every time I go to Cameron's.
Thankful times are not hard.
Thankful I'm not a hard case.
Thankful Cameron is not a hard man to deal with.
Thankful I've got some hard cash.
Thankful I'm not hard up.
Thankful I've saved money this year by trading with Cameron.
Thankful that I am thankful.
Thankful for Cameron's new stock.
Thankful for his low prices.
Thankful Cameron's trade is increasing.
Thankful that people grow smarter every day.
Thankful when they are all as smart as I am and trade with Cameron, the clothier, 55 Johnson street.

CAMERON,
The Cash Clothier,
55 JOHNSON ST.
n621

Xmas Cards

IT is of course unnecessary to remind you that we have always taken the lead in this line. YOU ALL KNOW IT. Our Stock of New Cards has

Just Arrived

And you will find them ahead of anything we have had yet in

Beauty of Design
—AND—
Lowness of Price

Watch this space for further announcements of arrivals of

Christmas Goods

Jamieson,
Next to Post Office.

FOR SALE.

The lease and furniture of about 50 finely furnished rooms in connection with a first class hotel, centrally located and clearing $250 per month above expenses. Every room occupied.

For further particulars apply to

WINNETT & COOPER,
n16-1m 18 Trounce Avenue.

TENDERS

Tenders for repairs (in accordance with specifications) to British Barque "Harold," now lying in graving dock, Esquimalt, will be received at the office of the undersigned on Saturday, 25th November inst., at 12 o'clock noon. Tenders to state the time in which the work will be completed. The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

ROBERT WARD & CO., Limited Liability,
Agents for Master & Owners.
Temple Building, Fort Street, November 22nd, 1893. n22-2t

ANNUAL SALE OF WORK.

The St. James' Sewing Society will hold their Annual Sale of Work in

ST. JAMES' HALL,

On SATURDAY, Dec. 2, at 2 p. m.

ADMISSION 10c.

HIGH TEA from 6 to 8. 25c.

ENTERTAINMENT in the evening, "Mrs. Jarley's Wax Work." Admission 25c. n22-10

The Last of our Fall Consignments
OF

Carpets

HAS ARRIVED and we are now in a position to show one of the most complete lines in the city. These goods have been carefully selected and in quality, colorings and designs are unsurpassed by any in the province. We do not confine ourselves to any one manufacturer, but buy where we get best prices and patterns. We do not advertise to give goods away, or sell below cost, but we do guarantee to give as good (if not better) value than any other house in the trade. In Brussels, Wiltons, Tapestries, Wools and Union Carpets we show a choice range.

In Lace and Chenille Curtains our line is complete and comprises a number of makes which space will not allow us to enumerate. Our stock of Upholstering was never more complete. Six piece Parlor Sets ranging from $50 up.

THE SEHL-HASTIE-ERSKINE CO.

Genuine Macintoshes

A large assortment of these reliable Waterproof Coats for Men and Boys just received from the celebrated house of Chas. Macintosh & Co.

On Sale at

W. & J. WILSON'S, GOVERNMENT ST., OPPOSITE POST OFFICE.

NEW GOODS AND LATEST NOVELTIES CONSTANTLY ARRIVING.

READ CAREFULLY THE FOLLOWING LIST AND SEE IF YOU ARE NOT WANTING SOMETHING.

Wonderful Bargains in Lamps, especially selected.
Elegant Hanging Lamps, Table Lamps, etc.
I will buy one of those Lamps at Weiler Bros.
Low in price, excellent value, beyond compare.
Everything you need, we are able to supply.
Rich and poor alike can be easily suited.
Blankets, Comforters, Curtains, Carpets, etc.
Rugs, Cocoa Mats, Wire Mats, all kinds of Mats.
Order these Goods early from an immense stock.
Start at once for Weiler Bros. and inspect the Goods.

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SUCCESSORS TO GARESCHÉ, GREEN & CO.
Established 1873.

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When you want a Waterproof
Do not fail to get a

MELISSA

The Best in the World
For both Men and Women

LADIES
Bring your Suits and make them
FREE!
While learning the latest tailor system of Dress Cutting at 53 Yates Street.
n24-1m

If Others Failed
To put your watch in thorough and good running order, I will guarantee to do so, or charge you nothing.
C. TH. LUNDQUIST
Expert Watchmaker, 37 Fort St.,
Split-second, repeaters and chronographs my specialty. Terms as low as the lowest. Estimates cheerfully given. n14-tf